BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION, AND INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORTS

Year Ended June 30, 2017

## TABLE OF CONTENTS

## YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

<u>Pa</u>	ge
Independent Auditor's Report1	-3
Management's Discussion and Analysis4-	10
Basic Financial Statements:	
Government-wide Financial Statements:	
Statement of Net Position.	11
Statement of Activities	12
Fund Financial Statements:	
Balance Sheet – Governmental Funds	13
Reconciliation of the Balance Sheet - Governmental Funds to the Statement of Net Position	14
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances – Governmental Funds	15
Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities	16
Statement of Net Position – Proprietary Funds	17
Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Net Position – Proprietary Funds	18
Statement of Cash Flows – Proprietary Funds	19
Statement of Fiduciary Net Position – Fiduciary Funds	20
Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position – Fiduciary Funds	21
Notes to the Basic Financial Statements	46
Required Supplementary Information:	
Budgetary Comparison Schedules	
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance – Budget and Actual - General Fund	47
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance – Budget and Actual – Special Revenue Fund	48

## TABLE OF CONTENTS - CONTINUED

## YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

Pension Schedules and Notes to Schedules	<u>Page</u>
Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the CERS Net Pension Liability	49
Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the TRS Net Pension Liability	50
Schedule of Contributions to CERS	51
Schedule of Contributions to TRS	52
Notes to Required Supplementary Information	53
Supplementary Information:	
Combining Statements – Nonmajor Funds:	
Combining Balance Sheet – Nonmajor Governmental Funds	54
Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances – Nonmajor Governmental Funds	55
Combining Statement of Fiduciary Net Position – Fiduciary Funds	56
Schools:	
Schedule of Assets, Cash Receipts and Disbursements and Liabilities – All Schools	57
Schedule of Assets, Cash Receipts and Disbursements and Liabilities – Trimble County High School	58-59
Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards	60
Notes to the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards	61
Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs	62-64
Summary Schedule of Prior Year Audit Findings	65
Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting On Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with Government Auditing Standards	66-67
Independent Auditor's Report on Compliance For Each Major Program and on Internal Control over Compliance Required by the Uniform Guidance	68-69
Management Letter and Comments	70-76



CHRIS R. CARTER, CPA ANN M. FISHER, CPA SCOTT KISSELBAUGH, CPA PHILIP A. LOGSDON, CPA BRIAN S. WOOSLEY, CPA

## STILES, CARTER & ASSOCIATES CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

WWW.SCACPA.COM

AMERICAN INSTITUTE OF CPAS
KENTUCKY SOCIETY OF CPAS

#### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Kentucky State Committee for School District Audits Members of the Board of Education Trimble County School District Bedford, Kentucky

## Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Trimble County School District as of and for the year ended June 30, 2017, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements, as listed in the accompanying table of contents.

## Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

## Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements prescribed by the Kentucky State Committee for School District Audits in the *Independent Auditor's Contract*. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor, considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness on the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

## **Opinions**

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the District as of June 30, 2017, and the respective changes in financial position and cash flows, where applicable, thereof for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

## **Emphasis of Matter**

As discussed in Note 1 to the financial statements, during the year ended June 30, 2017, the District adopted Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement 73, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions and Related Assets That Are Not Within the Scope of GASB Statement 68, and Amendments to Certain Provisions of GASB Statements 67 and 68, Statement 74, Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefit Plans Other Than Pension Plans, Statement 77, Tax Abatement Disclosures. Statement 78, Pensions Provided Through Certain Multiple-Employer Defined Benefit Pension Plans, Statement 80, Blending Requirements for Certain Component Units – An Amendment of GASB Statement 14, and Statement 81, Irrevocable Split-Interest Agreements. Our opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.

#### Other Matters

## Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis on pages 4 to 10, budgetary comparison information on pages 47 to 48, schedule of proportionate share of the net pension liability on pages 49 to 50 and schedule of contributions on pages 51 to 52 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

## Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Trimble County School District's basic financial statements. The combining financial statements, school schedules are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. The schedule of expenditures of federal awards is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards, and is also not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The combining financial statements, school schedules and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with accounting standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining financial statements, school schedules and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards are fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

## Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

Stiles, Carter & associates

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued a report dated October 30, 2017, on our consideration of Trimble County School District's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering Trimble County School District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Certified Public Accountants Elizabethtown, Kentucky

October 30, 2017



## TRIMBLE COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT BEDFORD, KENTUCKY MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

As management of the Trimble County School District, we offer readers of the District's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the District for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2017. We encourage readers to consider the information presented here in conjunction with additional information found within the body of the audit.

## FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- The ending cash balances for the District was \$1,671,017
- The Board of Education adopted the four percent (4%) tax rate.
- Two new preschool classrooms were added which included purchasing furniture and supplies.
- The Board added Reading Recovery, Edgenuity and Lexia Reading Programs.
- A Reading Recovery room was constructed with a grant from the University of Kentucky.
- The district purchased the Talent Ed Online Program for job postings and hiring's at a cost of \$15,460.
- The district purchased the Timeclock Plus online timekeeping system at a cost of \$8,184.
- The district spent \$46,122 from the general fund for technology.
- Trimble County Middle and High School went one to one for all of their students (each student was provided a chromebook)
- The District partnered with four (4) other school districts to create the iLead Academy at a cost of \$75,000 per year. The iLead Academy is the state's first regional career academy.
- The Board approved a \$1,000 sign-on bonus for new bus drivers in an attempt to fill the bus driver shortage.
- The Board approved the lease of the former central office building.
- The General Fund had \$10,767,346 in revenues, which primarily consisted of the state program (SEEK), property, franchise, motor vehicle and utility taxes, Medicaid reimbursement, interest on investments and state on-behalf benefits. Expenditures totaled \$10,994,923 excluding inter-fund transfers and including onbehalf payments.

#### USING THIS ANNUAL REPORT

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the District's basic financial statements. The District's basic financial statements comprise three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the financial statements. This report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves.

Government-wide financial statements. The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the District's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

The government-wide financial statements can be found on pages 11 and 12.

The statement of net position presents information on all of the District's assets, liabilities, deferred inflows and deferred outflows with the difference between reported as net position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the District is improving or deteriorating.

Fund financial statements. A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. This is a state mandated uniform system and chart of accounts for all Kentucky public school districts utilizing the MUNIS administrative software. The District used fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the District can be divided into three categories: governmental, proprietary and fiduciary funds. Fiduciary funds are trust funds established by benefactors to aid in student education, welfare and teacher support. The only proprietary funds are our ACES Program, and food service operations. All other activities of the district are included in the governmental funds.

The basic governmental fund financial statements can be found on pages 13 through 21.

**Notes to the financial statements.** The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements.

The notes to the financial statements can be found on pages 22 through 46.

#### DISTRICT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS

Net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. In the case of the District, assets and deferred outflows exceeded liabilities and deferred inflows by \$10,599,507 as of June 30, 2007.

A portion of the District's net position reflects its investment in capital assets (e.g., land and improvements, buildings and improvements, vehicles, furniture and construction in progress), less any related debt used to acquire those assets that is still outstanding. The District used these capital assets to provide services to its students; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. Although the District's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

The District's financial position is the product of several financial transactions including the net results of activities, the acquisition and payment of debt, the acquisition and disposal of capital assets, and the depreciation of capital assets.

## Net Position for the periods ending June 30, 2017 and 2016 (Table 1)

		(I abic	1)					
	Govern Activ		Busine Activ	ss-type vities		tal overnment		
	<u>2017</u>	<u>2016</u>	2017	2016	2017	2016		
Current and Other Assets Capital Assets	\$ 1,899,149 21,974,196	\$ 2,399,265 22,916,866	\$ 94,620 140,863	\$ 64,791 163,279	\$ 1,993,769 22,115,059	\$ 2,464,056 23,080,145		
Total Assets	23,873,345	25,316,131	235,483	228,070	24,108,828	25,544,201		
Deferred Outflows	960,804	743,513	122,042	28,580	1,082,846	772,093		
Long-term Debt Other Liabilities	12,793,254 1,037,222	13,732,708 1,341,162	581,771 6,132	139,641 7,848	13,375,025 1,043,354	13,872,349 1,349,010		
Total Liabilities	13,830,476	15,073,870	587,903	147,489	14,418,379	15,221,359		
Deferred Inflows	149,348	118,598	24,440	4,559	173,788	123,157		
Net Position								
Net investment in capital assets Restricted	12,292,166 96,072	12,206,866 100,130	140,863	163,279	12,433,029 96,072	12,370,145 100,130		
Unrestricted	(1,533,913)	(1,439,820)	(395,681)	(58,677)	(1,929,594)	(1,498,497)		
Total Net Position	\$10,854,325	\$10,867,176	\$ (254,818)	\$ 104,602	\$10,599,507	\$10,971,778		

## **Comments on Budget Comparisons**

- The District's total General Fund revenues for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2007, net of inter-fund transfers were \$10,767,346.
- General fund budget compared to actual revenue varied from line item to line item with the ending actual balance being \$340,493 more than budgeted.
- General fund budget expenditures to actual expenditures varied from line item to line item with the actual balance being \$1,249,815 less than budgeted including a contingency of \$1,235,969.

The following Table 2 presents a summary of changes in net position for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2017 and 2016.

#### Changes in Net Position

	Governmental Activities		Busines Activ		Total Primary Government			
	2017	2016	2017	2016	2017	2016		
REVENUES:	<del></del>	<del></del>			<del></del>			
Program revenues:								
Charges for services	\$ 15,964	\$ 24,975	\$ 191,636	\$ 255,217	\$ 207,600	\$ 280,192		
Operating grants and								
contributions	7,054,443	5,769,803	736,236	670,201	7,790,679	6,440,004		
Capital grants	754,053	776,266	-	-	754,053	776,266		
General revenues:								
Property taxes	3,627,957	3,436,624	-	-	3,627,957	3,436,624		
Motor vehicle taxes	344,740	291,634	-	-	344,740	291,634		
Utility taxes	367,135	383,764	-	-	367,135	383,764		
Gain on disposal of capital assets		18,757	2,500	-	2,500	18,757		
Investment earnings	16,615	16,955	295	98	16,910	17,053		
State and formula grants	4,443,511	4,786,386	-	-	4,443,511	4,786,386		
Miscellaneous	140,201	158,122			140,201	158,122		
Total revenues	16,764,619	15,663,286	930,667	925,516	17,695,286	16,588,802		
EXPENSES								
Program Activities								
Instruction	11,224,303	10,606,350	-	-	11,224,303	10,606,350		
Student support	677,075	816,026	-	-	677,075	816,026		
Instructional staff support	745,363	652,814	-	-	745,363	652,814		
District administrative support	552,980	780,226	-	-	552,980	780,226		
School administrative support	748,547	816,478	-	-	748,547	816,478		
Business support	639,520	629,645	-	-	639,520	629,645		
Plant operation and maintenance	1,260,735	1,358,503	e -	-	1,260,735	1,358,503		
Student transportation	1,024,595	807,344	-	-	1,024,595	807,344		
Community service activities	164,823	152,432	-	-	164,823	152,432		
Other	25,405	11,206	-	-	25,405	11,206		
Interest costs	259,392	303,941	-	-	259,392	303,941		
Business-type Activities:								
Food service	-	-	903,197	1,020,103	903,197	1,020,103		
After school care			37,331	24,046	37,331	24,046		
Total expenses	17,322,738	16,934,965	940,528	1,044,149	18,263,266	17,979,114		
Transfers		(79,541)		79,541				
Change in net position	\$ (558,119)	\$ (1,351,220)	\$ (9,861)	\$ (39,092)	\$ (567,980)	\$ (1,390,312)		

## **Governmental Activities**

Instruction comprises 65% of governmental program expenses. Support services expenses make up 34% of government expenses. The remaining expense for community services, interest and other expense accounts for the remaining 1% of total government expense.

The Statement of Activities shows the cost of program services and the charges for services and grants offsetting those services. Table 3 shows, for governmental activities, the total cost of services and the net cost of services. That is, it identifies the cost of these services supported by tax revenue and unrestricted State entitlements.

	Govern Total Cost	nmental Activities of Services	tivities Net Cost of Servi		
	2017	<u>2016</u>	2017	2016	
Instruction	\$ 11,224,303	\$10,606,350	\$ 5,124,482	\$ 4,352,306	
Support Services	5,648,615	5,861,036	4,830,672	5,909,125	
Community services	164,823	152,432	18,311	5,099	
Facilities acquistion	-	-	(270,542)	(608,224)	
Other	25,405	11,206	19,474	19,474	
Interest costs	259,392	303,941	(224,119)	(181,760)	
Total Expenses	\$ 17,322,538	\$16,934,965	\$ 9,498,278	\$ 9,496,020	

## **Business-Type Activities**

The business-type activities include the food service and after school care operations. These programs had total revenues of \$930,667 and expenses of \$940,528 for fiscal year 2017. Of the revenues, \$191,636 was charges for services, \$736,236 was from State and Federal grants, \$2,500 was from disposal of capital assets and \$295 was from investment earnings. Business activities receive no support from tax revenues. The School District will continue to monitor the charges and costs of this activity. If it becomes necessary, the School District will increase the charges for this activity.

## The School District's Funds

Information about the School District's major funds starts on page 13. These funds are accounted for using the modified accrual basis of accounting. All governmental funds had total revenues and other financing sources of \$13.8 million and expenditures and other financing uses of \$14.1 million.

#### General Fund-Budget Highlights

The School District's budget is prepared according to Kentucky law and is based on accounting for certain transactions on a basis of cash receipts, disbursements and encumbrances. The most significant budgeted fund is the General Fund. The State Department of Education requires a zero-based budget with any budgeted remaining fund balance shown as a contingency expense in the budget process.

For the General Fund, revenues were budgeted at \$10.4 million with actual amounts of \$10.8 million. Budgeted expenditures of \$12.2 million compare with actual expenditures of 10.9 million. This was primarily due not spending budgeted contingency funds.

## Capital Assets and Debt Administration

## **Capital Assets**

At the end of fiscal year 2017 the School District had \$22.1 million invested in land, land improvements, buildings, vehicles and equipment and \$21.9 million in governmental activities. Table 4 shows fiscal year 2017 and 2016 balances.

(Table 4)
Capital Assets at June 30, 2017 and 2016
(Net of Depreciation)

	Govern Activ	mental vities	Busines Activ		Total Primary Government		
	2017	<u>2016</u>	<u>2017</u>	<u>2016</u>	2017	2016	
Land and land improvements	\$ 4,225,868	\$ 4,473,045	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 4,225,868	\$ 4,473,045	
Buildings and improvements	16,889,256	17,389,797	-	-	16,889,256	17,389,797	
Technology	122,548	153,733	-	-	122,548	153,733	
Vehicles	577,801	722,848	-	_	577,801	722,848	
General equipment	158,723	177,443	140,863	163,279	299,586	340,722	
Total	\$21,974,196	\$22,916,866	\$ 140,863	\$163,279	\$22,115,059	\$23,080,145	

Table 5 shows changes in capital assets for the years ended June 30, 2017 and 2016.

	Govern Activ	mental ities	Busines Activ	• •	Total Primary Government			
	<u>2017</u>	<u>2016</u>	<u>2017</u>	2016	<u>2017</u>	<u>2016</u>		
Beginning balance	\$22,916,866	\$22,225,986	\$ 163,279	\$187,427	\$23,080,145	\$22,413,413		
Additions	183,538	2,033,051	-	-	183,538	2,033,051		
Retirements	(81,377)	(280,584)	-	-	(81,377)	(280,584)		
Depreciation	(1,044,831)	(1,061,587)	(22,416)	(24,148)	(1,067,247)	(1,085,735)		
Ending balance	\$21,974,196	\$22,916,866	\$ 140,863	\$163,279	\$22,115,059	\$23,080,145		

## Debt

At June 30, 2017, the School District had \$9.9 million in bonds outstanding, of this amount \$4.828.3 million is to be paid from KSFCC funding provided by the State of Kentucky. A total of \$800 thousand is due within one year.

#### DISTRICT CHALLENGES FOR THE FUTURE AND BUDGETARY IMPLICATIONS

In Kentucky the public school fiscal year is July 1 – June 30; other programs, i.e. some federal programs operate on a different fiscal calendar, but are reflected in the district overall budget. By law the budget must have a minimum 2% contingency. The district adopted a budget with \$1,235,969 in contingency. The beginning cash balance for the fiscal year is \$1,671,917.

Many of the program grants are continuation programs that we have become reliant on to service our students. However, decreases in the grants and the added burden of health insurance costs and matching retirement for employees paid from the federal grants have significantly reduced the dollars available for teacher salaries and other program support.

Questions regarding this report should be directed to Steve Miracle, Superintendent, or to Phillip Harmon, Finance Officer, at 502-255-3201, pharmon@trimble.k12.ky.us or by mail at P. O. Box 275, Bedford, KY 40006.



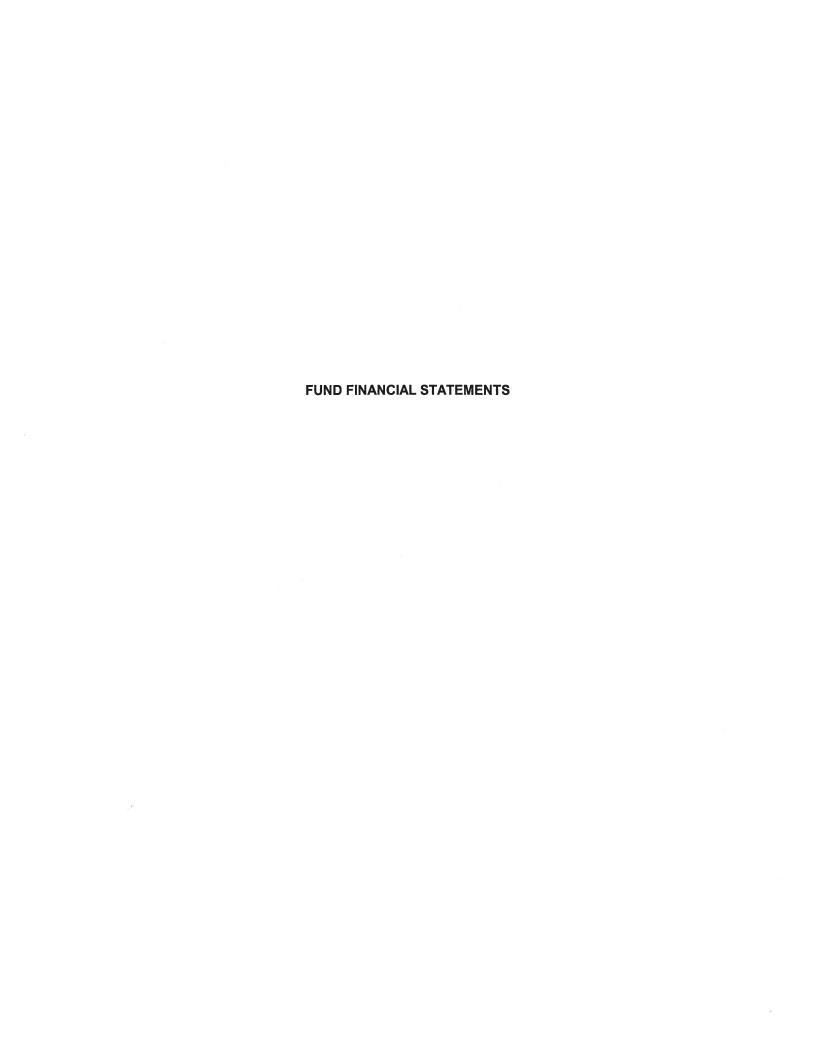
## STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

June 30, 2017

Assets	G 	overnmental Activities		usiness- Type Activities		Total
Current Assets						
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	1,598,004	\$	73,013	\$	1,671,017
Inventory	Ψ	1,000,001	Ψ	18,104	Ψ	18,104
Receivables:				10,104		10,104
Accounts				3,503		3,503
Taxes-current		93,708		0,000		93,708
Taxes-delinquent		15,405				15,405
Other receivables		26,079				26,079
Intergovernmental-Indirect Federal		165,953				165,953
Total Current Assets		1,899,149		94,620		1,993,769
Noncurrent Assets						
Non-depreciable capital assets		422,720				422,720
Capital assets, net of		422,720				422,720
accumulated depreciation		21,551,476		140,863		21,692,339
**		21,001,110		140,000		21,002,000
Total Noncurrent Assets		21,974,196		140,863		22,115,059
Total Assets		23,873,345		235,483		24,108,828
Deferred Outflows of Resources	4.					
Deferred amount on debt refundings		215,024				215,024
CERS		745,780		122,042		867,822
CENC		740,700		122,042		007,022
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources		960,804		122,042		1,082,846
Liabilities						
Current Liabilities						
Accounts payable		16,913		6,132		23,045
Accrued payroll and related expenses		133,319				133,319
Unearned revenue		4,621				4,621
Bond obligations		800,000				800,000
Compensated absences		15,678				15,678
Interest payable		66,691				66,691
Total Current Liabilities		1,037,222		6,132		1,043,354
Noncurrent Liabilities						
Bond obligations		9,097,054				9,097,054
Net pension liability - CERS		3,555,097		581,771		4,136,868
Compensated absences		141,103				141,103
Total Noncurrent Liabilities		12,793,254		581,771		13,375,025
Total Liabilities		13,830,476		587,903		14,418,379
Deferred Inflows of Resources						
CERS		149,348		24,440		173,788
		<u></u>				
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources		149,348		24,440		173,788
Net Position						
Net investment in capital assets		12,292,166		140,863		12,433,029
Restricted		96,072				96,072
Unrestricted		(1,533,913)		(395,681)		(1,929,594)
Total Net Position	\$	10,854,325	\$	(254,818)	\$	10,599,507

TRIMBLE COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES Year Ended June 30, 2017

Year Ended June 30, 2017	Expenses	Charges For Services	Program Revenues Operating Grants & Contributions	capital Grants & Contributions	Net (E Ch Governmental Activities	Net (Expenses) Revenues and Changes in Net Position Business- ntal Type Activities	s and on Total
FUNCTIONS/PROGRAMS Governmental Activities:		Ì		:	6 (F 104 AR2)	<del>U</del>	¢ (5 124 482)
Instruction Support services:	\$ 11,224,303	409,604	/co'con'o ¢	ı <del>P</del>			
Student	677,075		188,050		(489,025)		(489,025)
Instruction staff	745,363		182,997		(562,366)		(562,366)
District administrative	552,980		39,620		(513,360)		(513,360)
School administrative	748,547		161,265		(587,282)		(587,282)
Business	639,520		97,370		(542,150)		(542,150)
Plant operation and maintenance	1,260,735		58,401		(1,202,334)		(1,202,334)
Student transportation	1,024,595		90,440		(934,155)		(934, 155)
Community service activities			146,512	!	(18,311)		(18,311)
Facilities acquisition and construction			1	270,542	270,542		270,542
Other Interest on long-term debt	25,405 259,392		5,931	483.511	(19,474) 224.119		(19,474) 224,119
Total Governmental Activities	17,322,738	15,964	7,054,443	754,053	(9,498,278)	t	(9,498,278)
Business-Type Activities: Food service After School Care	903,197 37,331	162,181 29,455	732,934			(8,082) (4,574)	(8,082)
Total Business-Type Activities	940,528	191,636	736,236	1	1	(12,656)	(12,656)
Total Primary Government	\$ 18,263,266	\$ 207,600	\$ 7,790,679	\$ 754,053	(9,498,278)	(12,656)	(9,510,934)
	ı		General Revenues: Taxes:	:s			
			Property taxes		3,627,957		3,627,957
			Motor vehicle taxes	IXes	344,740		344,740
			Utility taxes		367,135		367,135
			Investment earnings	sbu	16,615	295	16,910
		3 3 3 3 3 2	Gain on disposal	Gain on disposal of capital assets	6 7 7 7	7,500	2,500
			State and formula grants Miscellaneous	a grants	4,443,511	1	140,201
			Total general revenues	unes	8,940,159	2,795	8,942,954
			Change in net position	ition	(558,119)	(9,861)	(567,980)
			Net position - beginning	nning	10,867,176	104,602	10,971,778
			Restatement		545,268	(349,559)	195,709
			Net position - begi	Net position - beginning, as restated	11,412,444	(244,957)	11,167,487
			Net position - ending	рп	\$ 10,854,325	\$ (254,818)	\$ 10,599,507



## **BALANCE SHEET**

## **GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS**

June 30, 2017

	General Fund						Special Revenue Fund	 Other vernmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds		
Assets:											
Cash and cash equivalents Due from other funds Receivables:	\$	1,540,297 143,650	\$ -	\$ 57,707	\$	1,598,004 143,650					
Taxes - current Taxes - delinquent Other receivables		93,708 15,405 26,079				93,708 15,405 26,079					
Intergovernmental - Indirect Federal			 165,953_	 		165,953					
Total Assets	\$	1,819,139	\$ 165,953	\$ 57,707	\$	2,042,799					
Liabilities and Fund Balances: Liabilities											
Accounts payable Accrued payroll and related expenses Due to other funds Unearned revenue	\$	16,913 133,319	\$ - 143,650 4,621	\$ -	\$	16,913 133,319 143,650 4,621					
Total Liabilities		150,232	148,271	-		298,503					
Fund Balances Restricted		78,390	17,682			96,072					
Assigned Unassigned		14,893 1,575,624	 	 57,707		72,600 1,575,624					
Total Fund Balances		1,668,907	 17,682	 57,707		1,744,296					
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$_	1,819,139	\$ 165,953	\$ 57,707	\$	2,042,799					

## RECONCILIATION OF THE BALANCE SHEET - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

June 30, 2017

Total fund balance per fund financial statements	\$ 1,744,296
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:	
Capital assets are not reported in this fund financial statement because they are not current financial resources, but they are reported in the statement of net position.	21,974,196
Governmental funds record debt refundings as other financing uses when the issues are refunded. Unamortized losses on refundings are reported on the statement of net position as deferred outflows of resources.	215,024
Governmental funds do not record deferred outflows of resources for pensions but those are reported in the statement of net position as deferred outflows of resources.	745,780
Governmental funds do not record deferred inflows of resources for pensions but those are reported in the statement of net position as deferred inflows of resources.	(149,348)
Certain liabilities are not reported in this fund financial statement because because they are not due and payable, but they are presented in the statement of net position:	
Bonds payable (net of discounts/premiums) Interest payable Compensated absences Net pension liability - CERS	(9,897,054) (66,691) (156,781) (3,555,097)
Net position for governmental activities	\$ 10,854,325

## STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE

## **GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS**

Year Ended June 30, 2017

		General Fund		Special Revenue Fund	Go	Other vernmental Funds	Go	Total overnmental Funds
Revenues:						<u> </u>		
From local sources:								
Taxes:	•						•	
Property	\$	3,360,973	\$	-	\$	266,984	\$	3,627,957
Motor vehicle		309,364				35,376		344,740
Utilities Tuition		367,135 19,578		2,800				367,135 22,378
Earnings on investments		15,964		300		351		16,615
Other local revenues		32,283		6,010		107,918		146,211
Intergovernmental - State		6,577,510		402,343		754,053		7,733,906
Intergovernmental - Indirect Federal		84,539		844,516		701,000		929,055
Total Revenues		10,767,346		1,255,969		1,164,682		13,187,997
Expenditures:								
Instruction		6,155,182		1,049,927		38,327		7,243,436
Support services:								
Student		473,052		105,521		522		579,095
Instruction staff		624,593				11,362		635,955
District administrative		552,227						552,227
School administrative		736,864						736,864
Business Plant operation and maintenance		613,640 993,259						613,640 993,259
Student transportation		820,928		10,248				831,176
Community service activities		5,704		146,152				151,856
Other non-instruction		٥,.٠٠.		5,931				5,931
Facilities acquisition and construction		19,474		-,		45,123		64,597
Debt service:								
Principal						810,000		810,000
Interest		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·				229,686		229,686
Total Expenditures		10,994,923		1,317,779		1,135,020		13,447,722
Excess (Deficit) of Revenues over Expenditures		(227,577)		(61,810)		29,662		(259,725)
over Experiurures		(221,511)		(01,010)		29,002		(239,123)
Other Financing Sources (Uses):								
Proceeds from sale of capital assets		534		0.4.4=0				534
Transfers in		(40, 400)		24,472		599,041		623,513
Transfers out		(49,126)	_	<del></del>		(574,387)	_	(623,513)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		(48,592)	_	24,472		24,654		534
Net Change in Fund Balances		(276,169)		(37,338)		54,316		(259,191)
Fund Balance, July 1, 2016, as previously reported		1,945,074		-		1,134		1,946,208
Restatement				55,020		2,257		57,277
Fund Balance, July 1, 2016, as restated		1,945,074		55,020		3,391		2,003,485
Fund Balance, June 30, 2017	\$	1,668,905	\$	17,682	\$	57,707	\$	1,744,294

## RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

Year Ended June 30, 2017

Net change in total fund balances per fund financial statements	\$ (259,191)
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:	
Capital outlays are reported as expenditures in this fund financial statement because they use current financial resources, but they are presented as assets in the statement of activities and depreciated over their estimated economic lives. The difference is the amount by which depreciation expense exceeds capital outlays for the year.	(906,416)
Bond payments are recognized as expenditures of current financial resources in the fund financial statement but are reductions of liabilities in the statement of net position.	810,000
Receivables that were recorded as revenues in the statement of activities in the prior year do not provide current financial resources but are reported as revenues in the funds.	
In the statement of activities, only the gain (loss) on sale of fixed assets is reported, whereas in the governmental funds, the proceeds for the sale increased financial resources.	(36,254)
The difference between actuarial pension contributions to CERS and actual contributions made are recorded as adjustments in the statement of activities.	(201,874)
Generally, expenditures recognized in this fund financial statement are limited to only those that use current financial resources, but expenses are recognized in the statement of activities when they are incurred.	 35,616
Change in net position of governmental activities	\$ (558,119)

## STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

## PROPRIETARY FUNDS

June 30, 2017

	Food Service Fund		After School Care Fund		Total	
Assets						
Current Assets Cash and cash equivalents Accounts receivable Inventory	\$	28,643 3,503 18,104	\$	44,370	\$	73,013 3,503 18,104
Total Current Assets		50,250		44,370		94,620
Noncurrent Assets Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation		140,863				140,863
Total Noncurrent Assets		140,863				140,863
Total Assets		191,113		44,370		235,483
Deferred Outflows of Resources						
CERS		112,972		9,070		122,042
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources		112,972		9,070		122,042
Liabilities						
Current Liabilities Accounts payable		6,132				6,132
Total Current Liabilities		6,132		-		6,132
Noncurrent Liabilities Net pension liability - CERS		538,533		43,238		581,771
Total Noncurrent Liabilities		538,533_		43,238		581,771
Total Liabilities		544,665		43,238		587,903
Deferred Inflows of Resources						
CERS		22,624		1,816		24,440
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources		22,624		1,816		24,440
Net Position Net investment in capital assets Unrestricted		140,863 (404,067)		8,386		140,863 (395,681)
Total Net Position	\$	(263,204)	\$	8,386	\$	(254,818)

## STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN FUND NET POSITION

## PROPRIETARY FUNDS

Year Ended June 30, 2017

		Food Service Fund	Afte	er School Care Fund		Total
Operating Revenues:	•				•	4.40.000
Lunchroom sales	\$	148,208	\$	-	\$	148,208
Other operating revenues		13,973		29,455		43,428
Total Operating Revenues		162,181		29,455		191,636
Operating Expenses:						
Salaries and wages		399,409		36,988		436,397
Materials and supplies		419,827		343		420,170
Depreciation		22,416				22,416
Other operating expenses		61,545				61,545
Total Operating Expenses		903,197		37,331		940,528
Operating loss		(741,016)		(7,876)		(748,892)
Non-Operating Revenues (Expenses):						
Federal grants		585,545				585,545
Donated commodities		57,654				57,654
State grants		7,254				7,254
State on-behalf payments		82,481		3,302		85,783
Gain (loss) on disposal of equipment		2,500				2,500
Interest income		295				295
Total Non-Operating Revenues (Expenses)		735,729		3,302		739,031
Changes in net position		(5,287)		(4,574)		(9,861)
Net Position, July 1, 2016, as previously reported		73,017		31,585		104,602
Restatement		(330,934)		(18,625)		(349,559)
Net Position, July 1, 2016, as restated		(257,917)		12,960		(244,957)
Net Position June 30, 2017	\$	(263,204)	\$	8,386	\$	(254,818)

## STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

## PROPRIETARY FUNDS

Year Ended June 30, 2017	Fo	od Service Fund	Aft	er School Care Fund		Total
Cash Flows from Operating Activities Cash received from:				T dild		
Lunchroom sales Other activities Cash paid to/for:	\$	144,912 13,973	\$	- 29,496	\$	144,912 43,469
Employees Supplies Other activities		308,781 363,151 61,545		22,843 343		331,624 363,494 61,545
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities		(574,592)		6,310		(568,282)
Cash flows from Non-Capital Financing Activities Federal grants State grants		591,808 7,254				591,808 7,254
Net Cash Provided by Non-Capital Financing Activities		599,062		-		599,062
Cash Flows from Capital and Related Financing Activities Sale of capital assets		2,500				2,500
Net Cash Provided by Capital and Related Financing Activities		2,500				2,500
Cash Flows from Investing Activities Receipt of interest income		295				295
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents		27,265		6,310		33,575
Balances, beginning of year		1,378		38,060		39,438
Balances, end of year	\$	28,643	\$	44,370	\$	73,013
Reconciliation of operating loss to net cash used by operating activities: Operating loss	\$	(741,016)	\$	(7,876)	\$	(748,892)
Adjustments to reconcile operating loss to net cash provided (used) by operating activities:	,	( , ,	*	(1,11)	*	(* **,***=/
Depreciation State on-behalf payments Donated commodities		22,416 82,481 57,654		3,302		22,416 85,783 57,654
GASB 68 pension expense Change in assets and liabilities:		8,147		10,843		18,990
Accounts receivable Inventory Accounts payable		(3,296) 738 (1,716)				(3,296) 738 (1,716)
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities	\$	(574,592)	\$	6,269	\$	(568,323)
Schedule of non-cash transactions:  Donated commodities received from federal government	\$	57,654	\$	-	\$	57,654
State on-behalf payments	\$	82,481	\$	3,302	\$	85,783
CERS Pensions	\$	8,147	\$	10,843	\$	18,990

## STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION

## FIDUCIARY FUNDS

June 30, 2017

	Private Purpose Trust Funds	Agency Fund		
Assets Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 27,652	\$ 115,829		
Receivables	4,601			
Total Assets	32,253	115,829		
Liabilities				
Accounts payable Due to student groups	500	12,099 103,730		
Total Liabilities	500	115,829		
\ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \		110,029		
Net Position Held in Trust	<u>\$ 31,753</u>	\$ -		

## STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION

## FIDUCIARY FUNDS

Year Ended June 30, 2017

	0	Private Purpose Trust Funds
Additions	φ	22
Net interest and investment gains (losses)	\$	33 54,220
Contributions and student actviities		54,220
· ·		54,253
Deductions		•
Instruction		33,263
Community services		33,560
		66,823
		00,020
Change in net position		(12,570)
Net Position, July 1, 2016		44,323
,, .,		,
Net Position, June 30, 2017	\$	31,753



NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2017

#### NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The financial statements of the Trimble County School District (the "District") have been prepared to conform with Accounting Principles Generally Accepted in the United States of America ("GAAP") as applied to governmental units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board ("GASB") is the accepted standard setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles.

## A. <u>REPORTING</u> ENTITY

The Trimble County Board of Education ("Board"), a five-member group, is the level of government, which has oversight responsibilities over all activities related to public elementary and secondary school education within the jurisdiction of Trimble County School District. Board members are elected by the public and have decision making authority, the power to designate management, the responsibility to develop policies, which may influence operations and primary accountability for fiscal matters.

For financial reporting purposes, the accompanying financial statements include all of the operations over which the District is financially accountable. The District is financially accountable for organizations that make up its legal entity, as well as legally separate organizations that meet certain criteria. In accordance with GASB 14, "The Financial Reporting Entity," as amended by GASB 39, "Determining Whether Certain Organizations Are Component Units", the criteria for inclusion in the reporting entity involve those cases where the District or its officials appoint a voting m1ljority of an organization's governing body, and is either able to impose its will on the organization or there is a potential for the organization to provide specific financial benefits to or to impose specific financial burdens on the District or the nature and significance of the relationship between the District and the organization is such that exclusion would cause the District's financial statements to be incomplete. Applying this definition, District management has determined that the component unit reportable within the accompanying financial statements is the Trimble County Board of Education Finance Corporation, (the "Corporation"). The financial statements presented herein do not include funds of groups and organizations, which although associated with the school system, have not originated within the Board itself such as Boosters, Parent-Teacher Associations, etc.

Blended Component Unit – Trimble County School District Finance Corporation – In a prior year, the Board of Education resolved to authorize the establishment of the Trimble County School District Finance Corporation (a non-profit, non-stock, public and charitable corporation organized under the School Bond Act and KRS 273 and KRS Section 58.180) (the "Corporation") as an agency for the District for financing the costs of school building facilities. The members of the Board also comprise the Corporation's Board of Directors. Therefore, the financial activities of the Corporation have been blended (reported as if it were part of the District) with those of the District. The Corporation does not publish individual component unit financial statements.

## B. MEASUREMENT FOCUS, BASIS OF ACCOUNTING AND FINANCIAL STATEMENT PRESENTATION

## **Government-wide Financial Statements**

The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities display information about the District as a whole. These statements include the financial activities of the primary government, except for Fiduciary Funds.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED

June 30, 2017

## NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - CONTINUED

The government-wide statements are prepared using the economic resources measurement focus. This is the same approach used in the preparation of the proprietary fund financial statements but differs from the manner in which governmental fund financial statements are prepared. Governmental fund financial statements therefore include reconciliation with brief explanations to better identify the relationship between the government-wide statements and the statements for governmental funds.

The government-wide statement of net position presents the financial condition of the governmental and business-type activities of the District at year-end. The government-wide statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each segment of the business-type activities of the District and for each function or program of the District's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a service, program or department and are therefore clearly identifiable to a particular function. Program revenues include charges paid by the recipient of the goods or services offered by the program and grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues are presented as general revenues of the District, with certain limited exceptions. The comparison of direct expenses with program revenues identifies the extent to which each business segment or governmental function is self-financing or draws from the general revenues of the District.

## **Fund Financial Statements**

Fund financial statements report detailed information about the District. The focus of governmental and enterprise fund financial statements is on major funds rather than reporting funds by type. Each major fund is presented in a separate column. Nonmajor funds are aggregated and presented in a single column. Fiduciary funds are reported by fund type.

The Governmental Funds are accounted for on the "flow of current financial resources" measurement focus. This measurement focus is based on the concept of accountability, which includes measuring interperiod equity whether current year revenues were sufficient to pay for current year services. The Proprietary Funds are accounted for on an "economic resources" measurement focus. Accordingly, the Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Net Position for the Proprietary Funds reports increases and decreases in total economic net worth. The private purpose trust fund is reported using the economic resources measurement focus.

#### **Governmental Funds**

Governmental Funds are those through which most District functions are financed. The acquisition, use and balances of the District's expendable financial resources and the related liabilities (except those accounted for in the Proprietary Fund and Fiduciary Funds) are accounted for through Governmental Funds. The measurement focus is upon determination of changes in financial resources rather than upon determination of net income.

(A) The General Fund is the main operating fund of the District. It accounts for financial resources used for general types of operations. This is a budgeted fund, and any fund balances are considered as resources available for use. This is a major fund.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED

June 30, 2017

## NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - CONTINUED

- (B) The Special Revenue Fund accounts for proceeds of specific revenue sources (other than expendable trusts or major capital projects) that are legally restricted to disbursements for specified purposes. It includes federal financial programs where unused balances are returned to the grantor at the close of the specified project periods as well as the state grant programs. Project accounting is employed to maintain integrity for the various sources of funds. The separate projects of federally-funded grant programs are identified in the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards included in this report. This is a major fund.
- (C) The District Activity Fund is a Special Revenue Fund type and is used to account for funds received at the school level.
- (D) Capital Project Funds are used to account for financial resources to be used for the acquisition or construction of major capital facilities and equipment (other than those financed by Proprietary Funds).
  - 1. The Support Education Excellence in Kentucky (SEEK) Capital Outlay Fund receives those funds designated by the state as Capital Outlay Funds and is restricted for use in financing projects identified in the District's facility plan.
  - 2. The Facility Support Program of Kentucky (FSPK) accounts for funds generated by the building tax levy required to participate in the School Facilities Construction Commission's construction funding and state matching funds, where applicable. Funds may be used for projects identified in the District's facility plan.
  - 3. The Construction Fund accounts for proceeds from sales of bonds and other revenues to be used for authorized construction.
- (E) The Debt Service Fund is used to account for the accumulation of resources for, and the payment of, long-term debt principal and interest and related costs; and for the payment of interest on notes payable, as required by Kentucky Law.

## **Proprietary Funds**

Proprietary Funds are used to account for ongoing organizations and activities, which are operated and financed in a manner similar to those found in the private sector. The measurement focus is upon the determination of net income. Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from nonoperating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a Proprietary Fund's principal ongoing operations. Operating expenses include salaries, benefits, supplies and other items. All items not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses. The District has two Proprietary Funds.

- (A) The Food Service Fund is used to account for school food service activities, including the National School Lunch and Breakfast Programs, which are conducted in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Agriculture (USDA). Amounts have been recorded for in-kind contribution of commodities from the USDA and for on-behalf payments for retirement and health insurance paid by the State of Kentucky. This is a major fund.
- (B) The After School Care Fund accounts for the daycare operations of the District. Amounts have been recorded for on-behalf payments for retirement and health insurance paid by the State of Kentucky.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED

June 30, 2017

## NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - CONTINUED

## Fiduciary Funds

Fiduciary Funds are used to account for assets held by the District on behalf of outside related organizations or on behalf of other funds within the District.

- A. The Agency Fund accounts for activities of student groups and other types of activities requiring clearing accounts. These funds are accounted for in accordance with the <u>Uniform Program of Accounting for School Activity Funds</u>. Agency funds are custodial in nature (assets equal liabilities) and do not involve measurement of results of operations.
- B. The Private Purpose Trust Funds are used to report trust arrangements under which principal and income benefit individuals, private organizations or other governments. Revenues consist of donations, student activities and interest income. Expenditures represent instruction and community services.

## **BASIS OF ACCOUNTING**

Basis of accounting determines when transactions are recorded in the financial records and reported on the financial statements. Government-wide financial statements are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting. Governmental funds use the modified accrual basis of accounting. Proprietary and fiduciary funds also use the accrual basis of accounting.

## **Modified Accrual**

Under the modified accrual basis, revenues are recognized in the accounting period in which they become susceptible to accrual, i.e., both available and measurable. "Measurable" means the amount of the transaction can be determined and "available" means collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current period. Significant revenues susceptible to accrual include ad valorem taxes, reimbursable-type grants and interest on investments. The District considers all revenues (with the exception of the expenditure-driven grants) as available if they are collected within sixty (60) days after year-end. The expenditure driven grants are considered available if received within one year from the balance sheet date. Property tax revenue is recognized when taxes are received, except at year end when revenue is recognized for taxes received by the District within sixty (60) days subsequent to fiscal year end. Expenditures are recognized in the accounting period in which the liability is incurred. However, exceptions include the amount of unmatured principal and interest on general long-term debt, compensated absences, claims and judgments and certain prepaids which are recognized when due/paid.

In applying the susceptible to accrual concept to revenues from Federal and State sources, the legal contractual requirements of the numerous individual programs are used as guidance. Revenue from grants and entitlements is recognized when all eligibility requirements have been satisfied. There are, however, essentially two types of these revenues. In one, monies must be expended for the specific purpose or project before the District will receive any amounts; therefore, revenues are recognized based upon the occurrence of expenditures. In the other type, monies are virtually unrestricted as to purpose of expenditure and are usually revocable only for failure to comply with prescribed legal and contractual requirements. These resources are reflected as revenues at the time of receipt or earlier if the susceptible to accrual criteria are met. In all cases, monies received before the revenue recognition criteria have been met are reported as unearned revenue.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED

June 30, 2017

## NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - CONTINUED

## Accrual

Under the accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized in the period earned and expenses are recognized in the period incurred.

## Revenue Recognition

State Revenue Sources – Revenues from State sources for current operations are primarily from the Support Education Excellence in Kentucky ("SEEK"), administered by the Kentucky Department of Education ("KDE"). The District files reports on average daily attendance ("ADA") student membership with the KDE. The KDE accumulates information from these reports and calculates the allocation of SEEK funds to the District. After review and verification of ADA reports and supporting documentation, the KDE may adjust subsequent fiscal period allocations of SEEK funding. Normally, such adjustments are treated as reductions of revenue in the year the reduction is made, as amounts are not significant.

Property Taxes – On an accrual basis, property tax revenue anticipated to be collected is recognized in the fiscal year for which it is levied. Delinquent taxes collected in subsequent periods are recognized as revenue during the fiscal year in which they are received.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the District's policy to use restricted resources first, and then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

## C. BUDGETARY POLICIES

## **Budgetary Process**

Budgetary Basis of Accounting: The District's budgetary process accounts for certain transactions on a basis other than Generally Accepted Accounting Principles (GAAP). The major differences between the budgetary basis and the GAAP basis are:

Revenues are recorded when received in cash (budgetary) as opposed to when susceptible to accrual (GAAP).

Expenditures are recorded when paid in cash (budgetary) as opposed to when susceptible to accrual (GAAP).

Once the budget is approved, it can be amended. Amendments are presented to the Board at their regular meetings. All budget appropriations lapse at year-end.

## D. ENCUMBRANCES

Encumbrance accounting, under which purchase orders, contracts, and other commitments for the expenditure of funds are recorded to reserve a portion of an applicable appropriation, is utilized for budgetary control purposes. Encumbrances are not the equivalent of expenditures, and accordingly, amounts assigned for encumbrances at the governmental fund level indicate that portion of the fund balance segregated for expenditure upon vendor performance.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED

June 30, 2017

## NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - CONTINUED

## E. CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

For purposes of the statement of cash flows, cash equivalents are considered to be demand deposits, money market funds, and other investments with an original maturity of 90 days or less.

## F. INVENTORIES

Inventories are valued at cost, which approximates market. The food service fund uses the specific identification method, The District's inventories include food and commodities. USDA commodities received from the Federal government are recorded at the value established by the Federal government using the average cost method.

## G. PREPAID ITEMS

Expenditures for insurance and similar services extending over more than one accounting period are not allocated between or among accounting periods in the governmental funds and are instead accounted for as expenditures in the period of acquisition (Purchase method).

#### H. CAPITAL ASSETS

General capital assets are those assets not specifically related to activities reported in the proprietary funds. These assets generally result from expenditures in the governmental funds. These assets are reported in the governmental activities column of the government-wide statement of net position but are not reported in the fund financial statements. Capital assets utilized by the proprietary funds are reported both in the business-type activities column of the government-wide statement of net position and in the respective funds. All capital assets greater than \$5,000 are capitalized at cost (or estimated historical cost) and updated for additions and retirements during the year. Donated capital assets are recorded at their fair market values as of the date received. The District does not possess any infrastructure. Improvements are capitalized; the cost of, normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend an assets' life are not. All reported capital assets are depreciated. Improvements are depreciated over the remaining useful lives of the related capital assets. Depreciation is computed using the straight-line method over the following useful lives for both general capital assets and proprietary fund assets:

Description	Governmental Activities Estimated Lives
Land improvements	20 years
Buildings and improvements	25-50 years
Technology equipment	5 years
Vehicles	5-10 years
General equipment	5-15 years
Food service equipment	5-12 years

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED

June 30, 2017

## NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - CONTINUED

## I. LONG-TERM DEBT

In the fund-level financial statements, governmental funds report the face amount of debt issued, as well as any premiums (discounts) as other financing sources (uses). Debt issuance costs are reported as debt service expenditures. In the government-wide financial statements, long-term debt is reported as liabilities in the statement of net position. Bond premiums/discounts are amortized over the life of the bonds while deferred loss on advance refundings are amortized over the shorter of the remaining life of the refunded bonds or the life of the new bonds both in a systematic and rational method, which approximates the effective-interest method.

## J. COMPENSATED ABSENCES

Compensated absences are payments to employees for accumulated sick leave. These amounts also include the related employer's share of applicable taxes and retirement contributions. District employees may accumulate unused sick leave up to a specified amount depending on their date of hire. Sick leave is payable to employees upon termination or retirement at 30% of the current rate of pay on the date of termination or retirement. The District uses the termination method to calculate the compensated absences amounts. The entire compensated absence liability is reported on the government-wide financial statements. The current portion is the amount estimated to be used in the following year. An expenditure is recognized in the governmental fund as payments come due each period, for example, as a result of employee resignations and retirements. Compensated absences not recorded at the fund level represent a reconciling item between the fund level and government-wide presentations.

## K. ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires the District's management to make estimates and assumptions that affect reported amounts of assets, liabilities, fund balances, and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements, and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting periods. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

## L. IMPACT OF RECENTLY ISSUED ACCOUNTING PRINCIPLES

## Recently Issued And Adopted Accounting Principles

In June 2015, the GASB issued Statement 73, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions and Related Assets That Are Not Within the Scope of GASB Statement 68, and Amendments to Certain Provisions of GASB Statements 67 and 68. This statement is effective for periods beginning after June 15, 2016. This statement was adopted during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2017 and did not have an impact on the District's financial statements.

In June 2015, the GASB issued Statement 74, Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefit Plans Other Than Pension Plans. This statement is effective for periods beginning after June 15, 2016. Management is currently evaluating the impact of the adoption of this statement on the District's financial statements.

In August 2015, the GASB issued Statement 77, *Tax Abatement Disclosures*. This statement is effective for periods beginning after December 15, 2015. This statement was adopted during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2017 and did not have an impact on the District's financial statements.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED

June 30, 2017

#### NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - CONTINUED

In December 2015, the GASB issued Statement 78, *Pensions Provided Through Certain Multiple-Employer Defined Benefit Pension Plans*. This statement is effective for periods beginning after December 15, 2015. This statement was adopted during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2017 and did not have an impact on the District's financial statements.

In January 2016, the GASB issued Statement 80, *Blending Requirements for Certain Component Units – An Amendment of GASB Statement 14.* This statement is effective for periods beginning after June 15, 2016. This statement was adopted during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2017 and did not have an impact on the District's financial statements.

In March 2016, the GASB issued Statement 81, *Irrevocable Split-Interest Agreements*. This statement is effective for periods beginning after December 15, 2016. This statement was adopted during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2017 and did not have an impact on the District's financial statements.

## Recently Issued Accounting Pronouncements

In March 2016, the GASB issued Statement 82, *Pension Issues – An Amendment of GASB Statements No. 67, No. 68 and No. 72.* This statement is effective for periods beginning after June 15, 2016 except for the requirements of the Statement for the selection of assumptions in a circumstance in which an employer's pension liability is measured as of a date other than the employer's most recent fiscal year-end. In that circumstance, the requirements for the selection of assumptions are effective for that employer in the first reporting period in which the measurement date of the pension liability is on or after June 15, 2017. Management is currently evaluating the impact of the adoption of this statement on the District's financial statements.

In November 2016, the GASB issued Statement 83, *Certain Asset Retirement Obligatons*. This statement is effective for periods beginning after June 15, 2018. Management is currently evaluating the impact of the adoption of this statement on the District's financial statements.

In January 2017, the GASB issued Statement 84, *Fiduciary Activities*. This statement is effective for periods beginning after December 15, 2018. Management is currently evaluating the impact of the adoption of this statement on the District's financial statements.

In March 2017, the GASB issued Statement 85, *Omnibus 2017*. This statement is effective for periods beginning after June 15, 2017. Management is currently evaluating the impact of the adoption of this statement on the District's financial statements.

In May 2017, the GASB issued Statement 86, *Certain Debt Extinguishment Issues*. This statement is effective for periods beginning after June 15, 2017. Management is currently evaluating the impact of the adoption of this statement on the District's financial statements.

In June 2017, the GASB issued Statement 87, *Leases*. This statement is effective for periods beginning after December 15, 2019. Management is currently evaluating the impact of the adoption of this statement on the District's financial statements.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED

June 30, 2017

#### **NOTE 2 - PROPERTY TAXES**

<u>Property Tax Revenues</u> – Property taxes are normally levied each September on the assessed value listed as of the prior January 1, for all real and personal property in the county. The billings are considered due upon receipt by the taxpayer; however, the actual date is based on a period ending 30 days after the tax bill mailing. Property taxes collected are recorded as revenues in the fiscal year for which they were levied. All taxes collected are initially deposited into the General Fund and then transferred to the appropriate fund. The usual collection date is the period from November 1 through December 31. Property tax bills paid prior to December 1 receive a two percent discount. Property taxes received after December 31, are considered to be delinquent and the County Attorney can file a lien against the property. The property tax rates assessed for the year ended June 30, 2017, to finance operations were \$.669 per \$100 valuation for real property, \$.669 per \$100 valuation for business personal property and \$.554 per \$100 valuation for motor vehicles.

The District levies a utility gross receipts license tax in the amount of 3% of the gross receipts derived from the furnishings, within the county, of telephonic and telegraphic communications services, cablevision services, electric power, water, and natural, artificial and mixed gas.

#### **NOTE 3 – DEPOSITS**

#### **Deposits**

Custodial Credit Risk – Deposits. Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the District's deposits may not be returned to it. The District's policy is to have all deposits secured by pledged securities. At June 30, 2017, 1,773,934 of the District's bank balance of \$2,148,441 was exposed to custodial credit risk. The bank balance not covered by depository insurance was collateralized by securities held by the pledging financial institution.

#### **NOTE 4 – INTERFUND ACTIVITIES**

The following transfers were made during the year:

From Fund	To Fund	Purpose	 Amount
General	Special Revenue	Grants	\$ 24,472
General	Nonmajor Governmental	Construction	24,654
Nonmajor Governmental	Nonmajor Governmental	Construction	20,469
Nonmajor Governmental	Debt Service	Debt Payments	553,918

Also, at June 30, 2017, the Special Revenue Fund owed the General Fund \$143,650 for items paid by the General Fund.

# NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED

June 30, 2017

# NOTE 5 - CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset activity for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2017, was as follows:

Governmental Activities	J	Balance uly 1, 2016	,	Additions	D	eductions	Ju	Balance ne 30, 2017
Capital Assets Not Being Depreciated: Land	\$	422,720	\$	45,123	\$	(45,123)	\$	422,720
Construction in progress		400 700						400 700
Total Capital Assets Not Being Depreciated	_	422,720		45,123		(45,123)		422,720
Depreciable Assets: Land improvements Buildings and improvements Technology equipment Vehicles General equipment		4,942,932 25,789,255 1,041,527 2,392,592 458,186		45,123 93,292		(26,663) (27,460) (165,799) (124,788) (52,175)		4,916,269 25,806,918 969,020 2,267,804 406,011
Total Capital Assets Being Depreciated at Historical Cost		34,624,492		138,415		(396,885)		34,366,022
Less Accumulated Depreciation For: Land improvements Buildings and improvements Technology equipment Vehicles General equipment Total accumulated depreciation		892,607 8,399,458 887,794 1,669,744 280,743 12,130,346		238,883 545,664 97,920 145,047 17,317		(18,369) (27,460) (139,242) (124,788) (50,772) (360,631)	_	1,113,121 8,917,662 846,472 1,690,003 247,288 12,814,546
Total Other Capital Assets, net		22,494,146		(906,416)		(36,254)		21,551,476
Governmental Activities Capital Assets - Net		22,916,866	\$	(861,293)	\$	(81,377)	\$	21,974,196
Business-Type Activities								
Depreciable Assets: Technology equipment Food service equipment	\$	694 567,854	\$	-	\$	(694)	\$	- 567,854
Total Capital Assets Being Depreciated at Historical Cost		568,548		-		(694)		567,854
Less Accumulated Depreciation For: Technology equipment Food service equipment		694 404,575		22,416		(694)		- 426,991
Total accumulated depreciation	_	405,269		22,416		(694)		426,991
Business-Type Activities Capital Assets - Net	\$	163,279	\$	(22,416)		-	\$	140,863

# Depreciation was charged to governmental functions as follows:

Instruction	\$	325,207
Student support		201,447
Instructional staff		2,441
District administration		118,396
School administration		30,087
Business support		41
Plant		225,581
Transportation		141 <u>,</u> 631
	<u>\$</u>	1,044,831

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED

June 30, 2017

## **NOTE 6 - RISK MANAGEMENT**

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. To obtain insurance for workers' compensation, errors and omissions and general liability coverage, the District purchases commercial insurance.

The District purchases unemployment insurance through the Kentucky School Boards Insurance Trust Unemployment Compensation Fund; however, risk has not been transferred to such fund. In addition, the District continues to carry commercial insurance for all other risks of loss. Settled claims resulting from these risks have not exceeded commercial insurance coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

#### **NOTE 7 – LONG-TERM LIABILITIES**

A summary of changes in long-term liabilities for the year ended June 30, 2017, is as follows:

	Balance July 1, 2016	Additions	Reductions	Balance June 30, 2017	Amounts Due Within One Year
Governmental Activities: Bonds Payable:					
Revenue bonds	\$ 10,710,000	\$ -	\$ (810,000)	\$ 9,900,000	\$ 800,000
Add Premium Less Discount	24,750 (27,058)		(2,062) 1,424	22,688 (25,634)	
Total Bonds Payable	10,707,692	-	(810,638)	9,897,054	800,000
Other Liabilities: Compensated absences	222,102		(65,321)	156,781	15,678
Total Other Liabilities	222,102		(65,321)	156,781	15,678
Total Governmental Activities Long-Term Liabilities	\$ 10,929,794	\$ -	\$ (875,959)	\$ 10,053,835	\$ 815,678

The debt service fund is primarily responsible for paying the bond obligations through funding from the SEEK capital outlay and FSPK funds. The general fund is primarily responsible for paying compensated absences.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED

June 30, 2017

#### NOTE 7 - LONG-TERM LIABILITIES - CONTINUED

#### **Bond Liabilities**

The original amount of each issue, the issue date, and interest rates are summarized below:

lssue Date	:	Proceeds	Interest Rates
2007	\$	6,355,000	3.85%
2010R		4,445,000	1.0% - 3.0%
2012		1,250,000	1.0% - 3.125%
2015		1,425,000	1.0% - 3.5%
2016R		5,040,000	2.0%

The District, through the General Fund (including utility taxes and the Support Education Excellence in Kentucky (SEEK) Capital Outlay Fund) is obligated to make payments in amounts sufficient to satisfy debt service requirements on bonds issued by the Trimble County School District Finance Corporation to construct school facilities. The District has an option to purchase the property under lease at any time by retiring the bonds then outstanding.

The District has "participation agreements" with the Kentucky School Facilities Construction Commission. The Commission was created by the Kentucky General Assembly for the purpose of assisting local school districts in meeting school construction needs. The table below sets forth the amount to be paid by the District and the Commission for each year until maturity of all bond issues. The liability for the total bond amount remains with the District and, as such, the total principal outstanding has been recorded in the financial statements.

The amount of defeased debt outstanding at June 30, 2017 is \$4,780,000.

The bonds may be called prior to maturity and redemption premiums are specified in each issue. Assuming no bonds are called prior to scheduled maturity, the minimum obligations of the District, including amounts to be paid by the Commission, at June 30, 2017, for debt service (principal and interest) are as follows:

Year	Principal	Interest	Interest Participation	
2040	Ф 000 00	NO & 224.700	Ф 400 407	¢ 550,600
2018	\$ 800,00	0 \$ 234,790	\$ 482,127	\$ 552,663
2019	820,00	0 214,672	480,464	554,208
2020	835,00	0 194,583	478,521	551,062
2021	850,00	0 173,906	476,324	547,582
2022	890,00	0 151,476	483,824	557,652
2023-2027	3,960,00	0 458,294	1,959,601	2,458,693
2028-2032	1,415,00	0 130,803	1,057,867	487,936
2033-2035	330,00	0 19,741	349,741	<u> </u>
	\$ 9,900,00	0 \$ 1,578,265	\$ 5,768,469	\$ 5,709,796

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED

June 30, 2017

#### **NOTE 8 - PENSION PLANS**

The Trimble County School District participates in the Teachers' Retirement System of the State of Kentucky (TRS), a component unit of the Commonwealth of Kentucky which includes certified employees and the County Employees' Retirement System (CERS), a component unit of the Commonwealth of Kentucky which includes all other employees, both of which are cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit plans. TRS, which qualifies as a special funding situation under GASB 68, and CERS provide retirement and disability benefits, annual cost-of-living adjustments, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. TRS is governed by Chapter 161 Section 220 through Chapter 161 Section 990 of the Kentucky Revised Statutes (KRS). Under the provisions of KRS Section 61.645, the Board of Trustees of Kentucky Retirement Systems (KERS) administers the CERS. The TRS and CERS issue a publicly available financial reports that include financial statements and required supplementary information. TRS' report may be obtained at www.ktrs.ky.gov.

#### **TRS**

#### Retirement Plan

#### **Benefits Provided**

For Members Before July 1, 2008:

Members become vested when they complete five (5) years of credited service. To qualify for monthly retirement benefits, payable for life, members must either:

- 1.) Attain age fifty-five (55) and complete five (5) years of Kentucky service, or
- 2.) Complete twenty-seven (27) years of Kentucky service.

Participants that retire before age 60 with less than 27 years of service receive reduced retirement benefits. Non-university members receive monthly payments equal to two percent (2%) (service prior to July 1, 1983) and two and one-half percent (2.5%) (service after July 1, 1983) of their final average salaries for each year of credited service. Non-university members who became members on or after July 1, 2002 will receive monthly benefits equal to two percent (2%) of their final average salary for each year of service if, upon retirement, their total service is less than ten (10) years. New members after July 1, 2002 who retire with ten (10) or more years of total service will receive monthly benefits equal to two and one-half percent (2.5%) of their final average salary for each year of service, including the first ten (10) years. In addition, non-university members who retire July 1, 2004 and later with more than thirty (30) years of service will have their multiplier increased for all years over thirty (30) from two and one-half percent (2.5%) to three percent (3%) to be used in their benefit calculation. Effective July 1, 2008, the System has been amended to change the benefit structure for members hired on or after that date.

The final average salary is the member's five (5) highest annual salaries except members at least age fifty-five (55) with twenty-seven (27) or more years of service may use their three (3) highest annual salaries. For all members, the annual allowance is reduced by 5% per year from the earlier of age 60 or the date the member would have completed 27 years of service. The minimum annual service allowance for all members is \$440 multiplied by credited service.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED

June 30, 2017

#### **NOTE 8 - PENSION PLANS - CONTINUED**

For Members On or After July 1, 2008:

Members become vested when they complete five (5) years of credited service. To qualify for monthly retirement benefits, payable for life, members must either:

- 1.) Attain age sixty (60) and complete five (5) years of Kentucky service, or
- 2.) Complete twenty-seven (27) years of Kentucky service, or
- 3.) Attain age fifty-five (55) and complete ten (10) years of Kentucky service.

The annual retirement allowance for non-university members is equal to: (a) one and seven tenths percent (1.7%) of final average salary for each year of credited service if their service is 10 years or less; (b) two percent (2.0%) of final average salary for each year of credited service if their service is greater than 10 years but no more than 20 years; (c) two and three tenths percent (2.3%) of final average salary for each year of credited service if their service is greater than 20 years but no more than 26 years; (d) two and one half percent (2.5%) of final average salary for each year of credited service if their service is greater than 26 years but no more than 30 years; (e) three percent (3.0%) of final average salary for years of credited service greater than 30 years.

The annual retirement allowance for university members is equal to: (a) one and one-half percent (1.5%) of final average salary for each year of credited service if their service is 10 years or less; (b) one and seven tenths percent (1.7%) of final average salary for each year of credited service if their service is greater than 10 years but no more than 20 years; (c) one and eighty five hundredths percent (1.85%) of final average salary for each year of credited service is greater than 20 years but less than 27 years; (d) two percent (2.0%) of final average salary for each year of credited service if their service is greater than or equal to 27 years.

The final average salary is the member's five (5) highest annual salaries except members at least age fifty-five (55) with twenty-seven (27) or more years of service may use their three (3) highest annual salaries. For all members, the annual allowance is reduced by 6% per year from the earlier of age 60 or the date the member would have completed 27 years of service.

#### Other Benefits:

The System provides post-employment medical benefits to retirees. The System also provides disability benefits for vested members at the rate of sixty percent (60%) of the final average salary. A life insurance benefit, payable upon the death of a member, is \$2,000 for active contributing members and \$5,000 for retired or disabled members. Cost of living increases are one and one-half percent (1.5%) annually. Additional ad hoc increases and any other benefit amendments must be authorized by the General Assembly.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED

June 30, 2017

#### **NOTE 8 – PENSION PLANS – CONTINUED**

#### Contributions

Contribution rates are established by Kentucky Revised Statutes. The State contributes 100 percent of school districts' contractually required contributions, which are actuarially determined. Employees are required to contribute 12.855 percent of their annual salary. The school districts' contractually required contribution rate for the year ended June 30, 2017, was 13.105 percent of salaries for members in the plan before July 1, 2008 and 14.105 percent of salaries for members who started their account after June 30, 2008. The District made no contributions to the pension plan for the year ended June 30, 2017.

<u>Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions</u>

At June 30, 2017, the District reported no net pension liability because it did not have a proportionate share of the net pension liability. There was no amount recognized by the District as its proportionate share of the net pension liability. The related State share of the net pension liability was \$55,014,161.

The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2016, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The District's proportion of the net pension liability was based on a projection of the District's long-term share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the projected contributions of all participating school districts and the State, actuarially determined. At June 30, 2016, the District's proportion was 0 percent.

For the year ended June 30, 2017, the District recognized pension expense of \$4,481,833 and revenue of \$4,481,833 (\$905,212 in the governmental funds and an additional \$3,576,621 in government-wide activities) for support provided by the State. At June 30, 2017, the District reported no deferred outflows of resources and no deferred inflows of resources related to TRS.

## **Actuarial Assumptions**

The total pension liability in the June 30, 2016 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation 3.50 percent

Salary increases 4.00 – 8.20 percent, including inflation

Investment rate of return 7.50 percent, net of pension plan investment expense,

including inflation

Mortality rates were based on the RP-2000 Combined Mortality Table for Males or Females, as appropriate, with adjustments for mortality improvements based on a projection of Scale AA to 2020 with a set back of 1 year for females. The results of the experience study for the period July 1, 2010 - June 30, 2015 will be reflected in the June 30, 2016 valuation and the June 30, 2017 GASB 67 report.

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2016 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study prepared as of June 30, 2015, submitted to and adopted by the Board on September 19, 2016.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED

June 30, 2017

#### NOTE 8 - PENSION PLANS - CONTINUED

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a log-normal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation.

Asset Class		Target Allocation	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return
II.C. Equity		45%	6.40/
U.S. Equity		40%	6.4%
Non U.S. Equity		17%	6.5%
Fixed Income		24%	1.6%
High Yield Bonds		4%	3.1%
Real Estate		4%	5.8%
Alternatives		4%	6.8%
Cash		2%	1.5%
	Total	100%	ž.

## **Discount Rate**

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability as of the Measurement Date was 4.20%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate was performed in accordance with GASB 67. It was assumed that Plan member contributions will be made at the current contribution rates and that Employer contributions will be made at statutorily required rates. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members until the 2040 plan year and, as a result, the Municipal Bond Index Rate was used in the determination of the single equivalent interest rate (SEIR). Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return of 7.50% on Plan investments was applied to periods through 2039 and the Municipal Bond Index Rate of 3.01% was applied to periods after 2039, resulting in an SEIR of 4.20%. The TPL used last year was determined using a discount rate equal to 4.88%, which was based on a municipal bond index rate of 3.82%. These two amounts are rolled forward to June 30, 2016 using standard roll forward techniques. The roll forward calculation adds the annual normal cost (also called the service cost), subtracts the actual benefit payments and refunds for the plan year and then applies the assumed interest rate (SEIR) for the year. The difference between the two roll-forward amounts as of June 30, 2016 is the gain or loss due to changes in assumptions and other inputs. In addition, we have determined an expected TPL as of June 30, 2016 based on the TPL roll-forward in the June 30, 2015 GASB 67 report. The difference between this amount and the roll-forward of the actual TPL based on the 4.88% interest rate is reflected as an experience gain or loss for the year.

#### Sensitivity Of The Net Pension Liability To Changes In The Discount Rate

The District has no proportional share of the net pension liability. The following presents the sensitivity of the System's net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 4.20 percent, as well as what the System's net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (3.20 percent) or 1-percentage-point higher (5.20 percent) than the current rate:

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED

June 30, 2017

#### **NOTE 8 - PENSION PLANS - CONTINUED**

	1%	Current	1%
	Decrease	Discount Rate	Increase
	(3.20%)	(4.20%)	(5.20%)
System's net pension liability (in thousands)	\$37,937,230	\$ 30,924,069	\$ 25, 168, 197

#### Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position, which has been determined on the same basis as that used by the plan, is available in the separately issued TRS financial report. The financial statements are prepared on the accrual basis of accounting. Member contributions and employer matching contributions are recognized in the fiscal year due. Benefits and refunds are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the terms of the plan.

#### Medical Insurance Plan

#### Plan Description

In addition to the pension benefits described above, KRS 161.675 requires TRS to provide postretirement healthcare benefits to eligible members and dependents. The TRS medical insurance benefit is a cost-sharing, multiple employer defined benefit plan. Changes made to the medical plan may be made by the TRS Board of Trustees, the Kentucky Department of Employee Insurance and the General Assembly.

To be eligible for medical benefits, the member must have retired for service or disability. The TRS medical insurance fund offers coverage to members under the age of 65 through the Kentucky Employees Health Plan administered by the Kentucky Department of Employee Insurance. Once retired members and eligible spouses attain age 65 and are Medicare eligible, coverage is obtained through the TRS Medicare Eligible Health Plan.

# Contributions

The post-employment medical benefit provided by TRS is financed on a pre-funded basis beginning July 1, 2010 with the implementation of the "Shared Responsibility" legislation. In order to fund medical benefits, active member contributions are matched by the state at .75% of members' gross salaries. Beginning July 1, 2010 member contributions to the TRS medical plan increased incrementally to 3.75% on July 1, 2015 under the Shared Responsibility Plan. Also, the premiums collected from retirees and investment income contributes to funding the plan.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED

June 30, 2017

#### **CERS**

#### **Benefits Provided**

The system provides for retirement, disability, and death benefits to system members. Retirement benefits may be extended to beneficiaries of members under certain circumstances. Prior to July 1, 2009, cost-of-living adjustments (COLA) were provided annually equal to the percentage increase in the annual average of the consumer price index for all urban consumers for the most recent calendar year, not to exceed 5% in any plan year. Effective July 1, 2009, and on July 1 of each year thereafter through June 30, 2014, the COLA is limited to 1.5% provided the recipient has been receiving a benefit for at least 12 months prior to the effective date of the COLA. If the recipient has been receiving a benefit for less than 12 months prior to the effective date of the COLA, the increase shall be reduced on a pro-rata basis for each month the recipient has not been receiving benefits in the 12 months preceding the effective date of the COLA. The Kentucky General Assembly reserves the right to suspend or reduce the COLA if, in its judgment, the welfare of the Commonwealth so demands. No COLA has been granted since July 1, 2011.

## **Contributions**

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2017, plan members who began participating prior to September 1, 2008, were required to contribute 5% of their annual creditable compensation. Participating employers were required to contribute at an actuarially determined rate. Per Kentucky Revised Statute Section 78.545(33), normal contribution and past service contribution rates shall be determined by the Board on the basis of an annual valuation last preceding July 1 of a new biennium. The Board may amend contribution rates as of the first day of July of the second year of a biennium, if it is determined on the basis of a subsequent actuarial valuation that amended contribution rates are necessary to satisfy requirements determined in accordance with actuarial bases adopted by the Board. The school districts' contractually required contribution rate for the year ended June 30, 2017, was 13.95 percent of annual creditable compensation. Contributions to the pension plan from the District were \$241,705.

## <u>Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of</u> Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2017, the District reported a liability of \$4,136,868 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2016, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The District's proportion of the net pension liability was based on a projection of the District's long-term share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the projected contributions of all participating school districts, actuarially determined. At June 30, 2017, the District's proportion was 0.084021 percent, which was a decrease of .003720 percent from its proportion measured as of June 30, 2016.

For the year ended June 30, 2017, the District recognized pension expense of \$473,209. At June 30, 2017, the District reported its proportionate share of the CERS deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED

June 30, 2017

#### NOTE 8 – PENSION PLANS – CONTINUED

	Ċ	Deferred Dutflows Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources	
Differences between expected and actual economic experience	\$	18,061	\$	-
Changes in actuarial assumptions		219,148		
Difference between projected and actual investment earnings		388,908		
Changes in proportion and differences between employer contributions				
and proportionate share of contributions				173,788
Contributions paid to CERS subsequent to the measurement date		241,705		
	\$	867,822	\$	173,788

The amount reported as deferred outflows for District contributions subsequent to the measurement date of \$241,705 will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ending June 30, 2018. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year	Pension
Ending	Expense
June 30	Amount
2018	\$ 181,608
2019	104,632
2020	100,586
2021	65,503
	\$ 452,329

## Actuarial Assumptions

The total pension liability in the June 30, 2016 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation 3.25 percent

Salary increases 4.0 percent, average, including inflation

Investment rate of return 7.50 percent, net of pension plan investment expense,

including inflation

The mortality table used for active members is RP-2000 Combined Mortality Table projected with Scale BB to 2013 (multiplied by 50% for males and 30% for females). For healthy retired members and beneficiaries, the mortality table used is the RP-2000 Combined Mortality Table projected with Scale BB to 2013 (set back for one year for females). For disabled members, the RP-2000 Combined Disabled Mortality Table projected with Scale BB to 2013 (set back four years for males) is used for the period after disability retirement. There is some margin in the current mortality tables for possible future improvement in mortality rates and that margin will be reviewed again when the next experience investigation is conducted.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED

June 30, 2017

#### NOTE 8 - PENSION PLANS - CONTINUED

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2015 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2008 – June 30, 2013.

The long-term expected return on plan assets is reviewed as part of the regular experience studies prepared every five years for the Systems. The most recent analysis, performed for the period covering fiscal years 2008 through 2013, is outlined in a report dated December 3, 2015. Several factors are considered in evaluating the long-term historical data, estimates inherent in current market data, and a log-normal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected return, net of investment expense and inflation) were developed by the investment consultant for each major asset class. These ranges were combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and then adding expected inflation. The capital market assumptions developed by the investment consultant are intended for use over a 10-year horizon and may not be useful in setting the long-term rate of return for funding pension plans which covers a longer timeframe. The assumption is intended to be a long-term assumption and is not expected to change absent a significant change in the asset allocation, a change in the inflation assumption, or a fundamental change in the market that alters expected returns in future years.

Asset Class		Target Allocation	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return
	•		
Combined Equity		44%	5.40%
Combined Fixed Income		19%	1.50%
Real Return (Diversified			
Inflation Strategies)		10%	3.50%
Real Estate		5%	4.50%
Absolute Return (Diversified			
Hedge Funds)		10%	4.25%
Private Equity		10%	8.50%
Cash		2%	-0.25%
	Total	100%	

#### Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability as of the Measurement Date was 7.5%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that local employers would contribute the actuarially determined contribution rate of projected compensation over the remaining 27 year amortization period of the unfunded actuarial accrued liability. The discount rate determination does not use a municipal bond rate. Projected future benefit payments for all current plan members were projected through 2117. The target asset allocation and best estimates of arithmetic nominal rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the CERS Comprehensive Annual Financial Report.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED

June 30, 2017

#### **NOTE 8 - PENSION PLANS - CONTINUED**

# Sensitivity Of The District's Proportionate Share Of The Net Pension Liability To Changes In The Discount Rate

The following presents the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.5 percent, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (6.5 percent) or 1-percentage-point higher (8.5 percent) than the current rate:

	1% Decrease	Current Discount Rate		1% Increase	
	 (6.5%)	(7.5%)		(8.5%)	
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$ 5,155,214	\$	4,136,868	\$	3,263,953

### Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position, which has been determined on the same basis as that used by the plan, is available in the separately issued CERS financial report. The financial statements are prepared on the accrual basis of accounting. Member contributions and employer matching contributions are recognized in the fiscal year due. Benefits and refunds are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the terms of the plan.

CERS also provides post-retirement health care coverage as follows:

For members participating prior to July 1, 2003, years of service and respective percentages of the maximum contribution are as follows:

Years of Service	% paid by Insurance Fund	% Paid by Member through Payroll Deduction
20 or more	10	0%
15-19	7	25%
10-14	5	50%
4-9	2	75%
Less than 4	0	100%

As a result of House Bill 290 (2004 General Assembly), medical insurance benefits are calculated differently for members who began participation on or after July 1, 2003. Once members reach a minimum vesting period of ten years, non-hazardous employees whose participation began on or after July 1, 2003, earn ten dollars per month for insurance benefits at retirement for every year of earned service without regard to a maximum dollar amount.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED

June 30, 2017

#### NOTE 8 - PENSION PLANS - CONTINUED

The District is required to contribute at an actuarially determined rate. As of June 30, 2017, 2016, and 2015, the District's required contribution rate was 4.73%, 4.64%, and 4.92%, respectively, of annual covered payroll. The contribution requirements of plan members and the District are established and may be amended by the Kentucky Retirement Systems Board of Trustees. Contributions to the Insurance Fund from the District were \$81,955, \$93,294, and \$111,636 for the years ended June 30, 2017, 2016, and 2015.

#### **DEFERRED COMPENSATION**

The District offers its employees a deferred compensation plan created in accordance with Internal Revenue Code Sections 457, 401(k) and 403(b). The Plans, available to all employees, permits them to defer a portion of their salary until future years. This deferred compensation is not available to employees until termination, retirement, death or unforeseeable emergency. GASB Statement No. 32, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Internal Revenue Code Section 457 Deferred Compensation Plans, allows entities with little or no administrative involvement who do not perform the investing function for these plans to omit plan assets and related liabilities from their financial statements. The District, therefore, does not show these assets and liabilities on these financial statements

### **NOTE 9 - FUND BALANCES**

Nonspendable fund balances are those that cannot be spent on future obligations. At June 30, 2017, there were no nonspendable fund balances

Restricted fund balances arise when constraints placed on the use of resources are either externally imposed by creditors (such as through debt covenants), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation. At June 30, 2017, the District had \$78,390 restricted for compensated absences in the General Fund and \$17,682 restricted for grants in the Special Revenue Fund.

Committed fund balances are those amounts that can only be used for specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by formal action of the government's highest level of decision-making authority, which, for the District is the Board of Education. The Board of Education must approve by majority vote the establishment (and modification or rescinding) of a fund balance commitment. The District had no commitments at June 30, 2017.

Assigned fund balances are those amounts that are constrained by the government's *intent* to be used for specific purposes, but are neither restricted nor committed. The Board of Education allows program supervisors to complete purchase orders which result in the encumbrance of funds. Assigned fund balance also includes (a) all remaining amounts (except for negative balances) that are reported in governmental funds, other than the general fund, that are not classified as nonspendable and are neither restricted nor committed and (b) amounts in the general fund that are intended to be used for a specific purpose. The assigned fund balances were \$14,893 for site-based carryforward in the General Fund and \$57,707 for school activities in the District Activity Fund at June 30, 2017.

Unassigned fund balance is the residual classification for the general fund. This classification represents fund balance that has not been assigned to other funds and that has not been restricted, committed, or assigned to specific purposes within the general fund.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED

June 30, 2017

#### **NOTE 9 - FUND BALANCES - CONTINUED**

The District considers unrestricted amounts to have been spent when an expenditure is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted fund balance is available. Also, the District has established the order of restricted, committed and assigned when an expenditure is incurred for purposes for which amounts in any of those unrestricted fund balance classifications could be used.

#### **NOTE 10 – COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES**

The District receives funding from Federal, State and Local government agencies and private contributions. These funds are to be used for designated purposes only. For government agency grants, if based upon the grantor's review, the funds are considered not to have been used for the intended purpose, the grantors may request a refund of monies advanced, or refuse to reimburse the District for its disbursements. The amount of such future refunds and unreimbursed disbursements, if any, is not expected to be significant. Continuation of the District's grant programs is predicated upon the grantors' satisfaction that the funds provided are being spent as intended and the grantors' intent to continue their programs.

The District is subject to various other legal actions in various stages of litigation, the outcome of which is not determinable at this time. Management of the District and its legal counsel do not anticipate that there will be any material effect on the basic financial statements as a result of the cases presently in progress.

Under COBRA, employers are mandated to notify terminated employees of available continuing insurance coverage. Failure to comply with this requirement may put the School District at risk for a substantial loss.

#### **NOTE 11 - DEFICIT OPERATING BALANCES**

The Food Service Fund had a deficit net position at June 30, 2017 in the amount of \$263,204. The deficit net position is a result of the recording of the net pension liability for CERS as part of GASB Statement 68. The following funds had operations that resulted in a current year deficit of revenues over expenditures resulting in a corresponding reduction of fund balance/net position:

General Fund	\$ 276,169
Special Revenue Fund	37,338
SEEK Capital Outlay Fund	1,134
Debt Service Fund	2,757
Food Service Fund	5,287
After School Care Fund	4,574

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED

June 30, 2017

# **NOTE 12 - ON-BEHALF PAYMENTS**

The District receives on-behalf payments from the Commonwealth of Kentucky for items including pension, technology, health care costs, operating costs and debt service. The amounts received and funds where these items were recorded for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2017 were as follows:

Health Life Admin HRA TRS Technology Debt Service Less: Federal Reimbursement	\$ 1,152,353 2,202 17,488 118,475 905,212 54,741 483,511 (30,689)
Total on-behalf	\$ 2,703,293
Recorded as follows:	
General Fund	\$ 2,133,999
Food Service Fund	82,481
After School Care Fund	3,302
Debt Service Fund	 483,511
	\$ 2,703,293

# NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED

June 30, 2017

# NOTE 13 – PRIOR PERIOD ADJUSTMENT

During the year ended June 30, 2017, the District made restatements as follows:

# **Government-wide Activities**

Beginning balance, July 1, 2016 Adjsutment to set up deferred amount on refundings Adjustment to set up bond discount Adjustment to set up bond premium Adjustment to not defer KETS Adjust for debt service cash not recorded Adjustment for CERS pension	\$1	0,867,176 234,572 27,058 (24,749) 55,020 2,257 251,110
Beginning balance, July 1, 2016, restated	\$1	1,412,444
Fund Financial Statements		
Special Revenue Fund		
Beginning balance, July 1, 2016 Adjustment to not defer KETS	\$	- 55,020
Beginning balance, July 1, 2016, restated	\$	55,020
Debt Service Fund		
Beginning balance, July 1, 2016 Adjust for debt service cash not recorded	\$	- 2,257
Beginning balance, July 1, 2016, restated	\$	2,257
Food Service Fund		
Beginning balance, July 1, 2016 Adjustment for CERS pension	\$	73,017 (330,934)
Beginning balance, July 1, 2016, restated	\$	(257,917)
After School Care Fund		
Beginning balance, July 1, 2016 Adjustment for CERS pension	\$ 	31,585 (18,625)
Beginning balance, July 1, 2016, restated	\$	12,960



# SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE-BUDGET AND ACTUAL

# **GENERAL FUND**

Year Ended June 30, 2017

Teal Effect built 50, 2017	Original	Final	Actual	
Revenues:				
From local sources:				
Taxes:				
Property	\$ 3,324,360	\$ 3,393,803	\$ 3,360,973	
Motor vehicle	288,030	290,354	309,364	
Utilities	420,000	420,000	367,135	
Tuition	19,000	19,000	19,578	
Earnings on investments	1,000	10,000	15,964	
Other local revenues	8,000	15,155	32,283	
Intergovernmental - State	6,307,573	6,228,541	6,577,510	
Intergovernmental - Indirect Federal	45,000	50,000	84,539	
Total Revenues	10,412,963	10,426,853	10,767,346	
Expenditures:				
Instruction	5,954,951	6,118,145	6,155,182	
Support services:				
Student	445,939	447,715	473,052	
Instruction staff	523,640	528,230	624,593	
District administrative	528,030	535,863	552,227	
School administrative	802,042	725,979	736,864	
Business	510,034	523,179	613,640	
Plant operation and maintenance	1,112,779	1,108,332	993,259	
Student transportation	961,233	956,607	820,928	
Community service activities	6,262	6,262	5,704	
Facilities acquisition and construction	17,500	27,500	19,474	
Other non-instruction	1,757,780	1,266,926		
Total Expenditures	12,620,190	12,244,738	10,994,923	
Excess (Deficit) of Revenues over				
Expenditures	(2,207,227)	(1,817,885)	(227,577)	
Other Financing Sources (Uses):				
Proceeds from sale of capital assets	2,500	2,500	534	
Transfers out	(29,405)	(29,405)	(49,126)	
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(26,905)	(26,905)	(48,592)	
Net Change in Fund Balances	(2,234,132)	(1,844,790)	(276,169)	
Fund Balance, July 1, 2016	2,234,132	1,844,790	1,945,074	
Fund Balance, June 30, 2017	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 1,668,905	

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE-BUDGET AND ACTUAL

# SPECIAL REVENUE FUND

Year Ended June 30, 2017

	Original	Final	Actual		
Revenues:	e e	0.00	\$ 2.800		
Tuition Earnings on investments	\$ - 135	\$ 2,800 300	\$ 2,800 300		
Other local revenues	100	2,250	6,010		
Intergovernmental - State	354,037	370,420	402,343		
Intergovernmental - Indirect Federal	712,576	692,973	844,516		
Total Revenues	1,066,748	1,068,743	1,255,969		
Expenditures:					
Instruction Support services:	835,061	845,147	1,049,927		
Instruction staff	106,309	89,893	105,521		
Student transportation	5,000	•	10,248		
Community service activities	149,783	146,153	146,152		
Other		12,022	5,931		
Total Expenditures	1,096,153	1,093,215	1,317,779		
Excess (Deficit) of Revenues over Expenditures	(29,405)	(24,472)	(61,810)		
Other Financing Sources (Uses): Transfers in	29,405	24,472	24,472		
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	29,405	24,472	24,472		
Net Change in Fund Balances		<u> </u>	(37,338)		
Fund Balance, July 1, 2016, as previously reported	-	-	•		
Restatement		-	55,020		
Fund Balance, July 1, 2016, as restated			55,020		
Fund Balance, June 30, 2017	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 17,682		

SCHEDULE OF THE DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE CERS NET PENSION LIABILITY

June 30, 2017

	2017			2016	2015		
Proportion of the net pension liability		0.084021%		0.087741%		0.092517%	
Proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$	4,136,868	\$	3,772,457	\$	3,632,000	
Covered - employee payroll	\$	2,010,639	\$	2,269,020	\$	2,127,378	
Proportionate share of the net pension liability as percentage of covered payroll		205.7%		166.3%		170.7%	
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability		55.50%		59.97%		66.80%	

<sup>\*</sup> Fiscal year 2015 was the first year of implementation, therefore, only three years are shown.

SCHEDULE OF THE DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE TRS NET PENSION LIABILITY

June 30, 2017

	-	2017	 2016	 2015
Proportion of the net pension liability		0.186500%	0.189400%	0.185100%
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$		\$ -	\$ 
State proportionate share of the net pension liability associated with the District		55,014,161	 44,075,090	38,045,147
Total	\$	55,014,161	\$ 44,075,090	\$ 38,045,147
Covered - employee payroll	\$	5,983,676	\$ 5,977,019	\$ 5,777,947
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability as percentage of covered payroll		0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability		35.20%	42.50%	45.59%

<sup>\*</sup> Fiscal year 2015 was the first year of implementation, therefore, only three years are shown.

# SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS TO CERS

June 30, 2017

	 2017		2016		2015
Contractually required contribution (actuarially determined)	\$ 241,705	\$	249,721	\$	289,300
Contribution in relation to the actuarially determined contributions	241,705		249,721		289,300
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ -	\$	-	\$	-
Covered employee payroll	\$ 1,732,654	\$	2,010,639	\$	2,269,020
Contributions as a percentage of covered employee payroll	13.95%		12.42%		12.75%

<sup>\*</sup> Fiscal year 2015 was the first year of implementation, therefore, only three years are shown.

# SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS TO TRS

June 30, 2017

		2017	 2016	2015	
Contractually required contribution (actuarially determined)	\$	-	\$ -	\$	-
Contribution in relation to the actuarially determined contributions	s		 		
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$	-	\$ -	\$	-
Covered employee payroll	\$	5,702,207	\$ 5,983,676	\$	5,977,019
Contributions as a percentage of covered employee payroll		0.00%	0.00%		0.00%

<sup>\*</sup> Fiscal year 2015 was the first year of implementation, therefore, only three years are shown.

NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

#### **CERS**

Changes of benefit terms. There were no changes in benefit terms.

Changes of assumptions. The were no changes in assumptions.

#### TRS

Changes of benefit terms. There were no changes in benefit terms.

Changes of assumptions. The following changes in assumptions were made:

Changes of assumptions. In the 2011 valuation and later, the expectation of retired life mortality was changed to the RP-2000 Mortality Tables rather than the 1994 Group Annuity Mortality Table, which was used prior to 2011. In the 2011 valuation, rates of withdrawal, retirement, disability and mortality were adjusted to more closely reflect actual experience. In the 2011 valuation, the Board adopted an interest smoothing methodology to calculate liabilities for purposes of determining the actuarially determined contributions. Beginning with the 2014 valuation, the interest smoothing methodology is no longer used.



# COMBINING BALANCE SHEET - NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

June 30, 2017

	District Activity Fund	Ca O	EEK apital utlay und	SPK und		truction und	Se	ebt rvice und	No Gov	Total onmajor ernmental Funds
Assets:										
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 57,707	\$		\$ 	\$		\$	-	\$	57,707
Total Assets	\$ 57,707	\$	-	\$ -	\$	-	\$	-	\$	57,707
Liabilities and Fund Balanc Liabilities Accounts payable Total Liabilities	es: _\$	\$	_ <del>-</del>	\$ <del>-</del>	<u>\$</u>	<del>-</del>	\$	- <u>-</u> 	\$	<u>-</u>
Fund Balances Assigned	57,707			 						57,707
Total Fund Balances	57,707			 -						57,707
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$ 57,707	\$	-	\$ -	\$	-	\$	-	\$	57,707

# COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

Year Ended June 30, 2017

Year Ended June 30, 2017  Revenues	District Activity Fund	SEEK Capital Outlay Fund	FSPK Fund	Construction Fund	Debt Service Fund	Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds
From local sources: Property taxes Motor vehicle tax Earnings on investments Other local revenue Intergovernmental - State	\$ -	\$ - 150 116,534	\$ 266,984 35,376 201 154,008	\$ -	\$ - 483,511	\$ 266,984 35,376 351 107,918 754,053
Total Revenues	107,918	116,684	456,569	-	483,511	1,164,682
Expenditures Instruction Support services: Student Instruction staff Facilities acquisition and construction Debt service:	38,327 522 11,362			45,123		38,327 522 11,362 45,123
Principal Interest					810,000 229,686	810,000 229,686
Total Expenditures	50,211			45,123	1,039,686	1,135,020
Excess (Deficit) of Revenues over Expenditures	57,707	116,684	456,569	(45,123)	(556,175)	29,662
Other Financing Sources (Uses) Transfers in Transfers out		(117,818)	(456,569)	45,123	553,918	599,041 (574,387)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	_	(117,818)	(456,569)	45,123	553,918	24,654
Net Change in Fund Balances	57,707	(1,134)			(2,257)	54,316
Fund Balance, July 1, 2016, as previously reported		1,134	-	-	-	1,134
Restatement			<del></del>		2,257	2,257
Fund Balance, July 1, 2016, as restated		1,134	-	_	2,257	3,391
Fund balance, June 30, 2017	\$ 57,707	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 57,707

# COMBINING STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION

# AGENCY FUNDS

June 30, 2017

	Bedford Elementary School		Milton Elementary School		Trimible County Middle School		Trimble County High School		Total Agency Fund	
Assets  Cash and cash equivalents  Receivables	\$	2,853	\$	3,696	\$	85,706	\$	23,574	\$	115,829
Total Assets	\$	2,853	\$	3,696	\$	85,706	\$	23,574	\$	115,829
Liabilities Accounts payable Due to student groups	\$	2,853	\$	- 3,696	\$	12,099 73,607	\$	23,574	\$	12,099 103,730
Total Liabilities	\$	2,853	\$	3,696	\$	85,706	\$	23,574	\$	115,829

SCHEDULE OF ASSETS, CASH RECEIPTS AND DISBURSEMENTS, AND LIABILITIES

# AGENCY FUNDS

June 30, 2017

														UE TO
		CASH					1	CASH			ACC	COUNTS	S1	<b>FUDENT</b>
	B/	ALANCE			DI	SBURSE-	BA	LANCE	RECEI	VABLES	PA	YABLE	G	ROUPS
<u>SCHOOL</u>	Jul	y 1, 2016	RE	CEIPTS	[	MENTS	June	30, 2017	June 3	30, 2017	June	30, 2017	June	e 30, 2017
Bedford Elementary School	\$	19,318	\$	36,873	\$	53,338	\$	2,853	\$	-	\$	-	\$	2,853
Milton Elementary School		23,714		22,536		42,554		3,696		-		-		3,696
Trimble Co. High School		112,373		262,925		289,592		85,706		-		12,099		73,607
Trimble Co. Middle School		23,764		88,178		88,368		23,574_		-		-		23,574
Total	\$	179,169	\$	410,512	\$	473,852	\$	115,829	\$		\$	12,099	\$	103,730

SCHEDULE OF ASSETS, CASH RECEIPTS AND DISBURSEMENTS, AND LIABILITIES

TRIMBLE COUNTY HIGH SCHOOL

YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

NAME OF ACTIVITY	CASH BALANCE July 1, 2016	RECEIPTS	DISBURSE- MENTS	CASH BALANCE June 30, 2017	RECEIVABLES June 30, 2017	ACCOUNTS PAYABLE June 30, 2017	DUE TO STUDENT GROUPS June 30, 2017
GENERAL	11,788	8,737	20,522	3	-	_	3
SCHOOL INCENTIVES	190	162	352	_	-	_	-
TRANSPORTATION	9,752	20,342	11,254	18,840	-	12,099	6,741
A.P. EXAMS	786	1,317	2,013	90	-	-	90
PSAT TEST	11	544	555	-	-	-	-
CHARITIES/CASUAL	721	1,055	1,411	365	-	-	365
COLLEGE ALGEBRA DUAL CLASS	520	<u>.</u>	520	-	-	-	-
PARKING PASSES	-	2,010	2,010	-	-	-	-
DUAL CREDIT FEES 2016-17	-	2,850	2,850	-	-	-	-
FAMILIES IN NEED CBI	- EG1	678 30	678	-	-	-	-
GUIDANCE DEPT.	561 72	-	30 72	561	-	-	561
FRESHMEN	110	468	518	- 60	-	-	60
SOPHOMORES	442	3,535	2,277	1,700		_	1,700
JUNIORS	3,077	6,109	6,332	2,854	_	-	2,854
LIBRARY	688	442	933	197	_	_	197
SCIENCE	-	-	-	-	-	_	-
SENIORS	-	33,576	33,576	-	-	-	_
SENIOR OVERFLOW	788	-	788	-	-	_	_
GRIT	883	4,011	375	4,519	-	-	4,519
SENIORS CLASS OF 2023	-	639	-	639	-	-	639
FCA	-	50	-	50	-	-	50
ACADEMIC TEAM	-	799	799	<b>-</b>	-	-	-
ART CLUB	640	1,200	1,302	538	-	-	538
BETA CLUB	489	2,579	2,756	312	-	-	312
GREENHOUSE FFA	2,227	4,438 21,287	20,585	4,438	-	-	4,438
BAND	2,221	1,393	1,393	2,929	-	-	2,929
FBLA	-	3,056	2,956	100	-	-	100
COOKING CLUB	<u>-</u>	5,550	2,330	-	_	-	-
HISTORY CLUB	1,210	77	-	1,287	-	_	1,287
PEP CLUB	70	873	943	-	-	_	-
SCIENCE CLUB	1,231	-	_	1,231	-	-	1,231
SPANISH CLUB	658	-	-	658	-	-	658
SMILE CLUB	-	546	273	273	-	-	273
Y-CLUB	-	1,500	1,500	-	-	-	-
YEARBOOK	1,600	11,651	13,236	15	-	-	15
TEEN LEADERSHIP MEDIA CLASS	594	-	594	-	-	-	-
DRAMA	662 4,536	200 3,536	862 6,406	1 666	-	-	4.000
MUSIC/VOCALS	100	3,536	440	1,666	-	-	1,666
TSA	403	340	-	403	-	-	403
DANCE	110	90	-	200	- -	-	200
BOOKSTORE	170	-	170	-	-	-	-
LOUNGE DRINK MACHINE	392	370	353	409	-	_	409
ATHLETIC DRINK MACHINE	342	456	544	254	-	-	254
COURT YARD	18	-	18	-	_	-	-
CREDIT RECOVERY	5,704	-	5,704	-	-	-	-
SCHOOL RESOURCES	18,331	662	18,993	-	-	-	-
AG SCIENCE, ENG, ANIMALS	493	1,155	1,648	-	-	-	-
ART & DRAWING FEES	2,742	3,600	6,342	-	-	-	-
BUSINESS EDUCATION	736	640	1,376	-	-	-	-
COMPUTER LAB FEES	2,118	-	2,118	-	-	-	-
BIOLOGY/ANATOMY CHEMISTRY	748 182	495	1,243	-	-	-	-
TECH FEES	328	270 780	452 1,108	<del>-</del>	-	-	-
FORENSICS	541	300	841	-	<u>-</u>	-	
STUDENT RESOURCES	-	17,421	17,273	148	-	-	148
FLOWER & GIFT FUND	125	415	205	335	-	-	335
ART & HUMANITIES	14	-	14	-	-	-	-
SMILE CLUB - ALEX & PEUGEO	-	85	7	78	_	-	78
BLUE & GOLD FIELD TRIP	-	740	-	740	-	-	740

SCHEDULE OF ASSETS, CASH RECEIPTS AND DISBURSEMENTS, AND LIABILITIES

TRIMBLE COUNTY HIGH SCHOOL

YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

NAME OF ACTIVITY	CASH BALANCE July 1, 2016	RECEIPTS	DISBURSE- MENTS	CASH BALANCE June 30, 2017	RECEIVABLES June 30, 2017	ACCOUNTS PAYABLE June 30, 2017	DUE TO STUDENT GROUPS June 30, 2017
AP ENGLISH	92	_	92	-	-	-	-
SPEECH AND DEBATE CLASS	-	45	-	45	-		45
STUDENT INCENTIVES	228	705	234	699	-	- "	699
ATHLETICS	2,846	36,756	37,485	2,117	-	-	2,117
ATHLETIC CONCESSIONS	750	18,440	18,398	792	-	-	792
BOYS GOLF	1,084	1,141	2,044	181	-	-	181
FOOTBALL	-	24,445	21,411	3,034	- 5	-	3,034
BOYS BASKETBALL	4,561	16,629	14,988	6,202	-	-	6,202
8TH REGION BASKETBALL COACH		-	-	-	-	-	-
GIRLS BASKETBALL	2,549	20,021	16,001	6,569	-	-	6,569
CROSS COUNTRY	2,510	10,979	10,201	3,288	-	-	3,288
TRACK	2,719	6,622	5,537	3,804	-	-	3,804
GIRLS CLASS A STATE 2016/2017	-	3,143	3,143	-	-	-	-
SOFTBALL	2,184	11,251	11,563	1,872	-	-	1,872
BASEBALL	2,680	7,498	5,811	4,367	-	-	4,367
DIST BASEBALL	-	2,295	2,295	-	-	-	-
BOYS TENNIS	802	886	828	860	-	-	860
VOLLEYBALL	3,192	15,456	16,000	2,648	-	-	2,648
GIRLS TENNIS	857	886	828	915	-	-	915
GIRLS GOLF	1,380	507	1,744	143	-	-	143
OLF FOOTBALL ACC.	-	6,178	6,178	-	-	-	-
DIST VOLLEYBALL	-	1,535	1,535	-	-	-	-
RELAY FOR LIFE	1,678	2,774	4,452	-	-	-	-
8TH REGION SOFTBALL 2016	-	30	30	-	-	-	-
COACHES ASSOC. DUES	-	785	785		-	-	
CHEERLEADING	4,128	7,159	9,020	2,267	-	-	2,267
DIST. BASKETBALL 2016	-	-	-	^ <b>-</b>	-	-	-
GIRLS SWEET 16 2016	-	-		-	-	-	-
PROJECT PROM	-	1,100	1,100		-	-	- 10
TONYA BLACK SCHOLARSHIP	-	10		10	-	· -	10
KELLY JEWELL SCHOLARSHIP	100	-	100	-	-	-	-
IN MEMORY OF F. BURKHARDT	-	-		-	-	-	-
TAMMY GOFF SCHOLARSHIP	130	150	280	-	-	-	-
TOTALS	112,373	364,935	391,603	85,705	-	12,099	73,606
TRANSFERS	-	102,030	102,030		-	-	
TOTALS	\$ 112,373	\$ 262,905	\$ 289,573	\$ 85,705	\$ -	\$ 12,099	\$ 73,606



# SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS

YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

FEDERAL GRANTOR/PASS-THROUGH GRANTOR / PROGRAM TITLE	FEDERAL CFDA NUMBER	PASS THROUGH GRANTOR'S IDENTIFYING NUMBER	FEDERAL EXPENDITURES
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE Child Nutrition Cluster - Passed Through State Department of Education:			
National School Lunch	10.555	7750002-16 7750002-17	\$ 85,344
School Breakfast Program	10.553	7760002-17 7760005-16 7760005-17	324,353 37,345 138,504
Non-Cash Assistance (Commodities) National School Lunch Program	10.555	057502-02	57,654
TOTAL CHILD NUTRITION CLUSTER			643,200
TOTAL U.S. DEPT. OF AGRICULTURE			643,200
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION Special Education Cluster - Passed Through State Department of Education:			
Special Education - Grants to States	84.027	337B 337C	5,621 245,605
			251,226
Special Education - Preschool Grants	84.173	343C	11,654
			11,654
TOTAL SPECIAL EDUCATION CLUSTER			262,880
OTHER U.S. DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION PROGRAMS			
Passed Through State Department of Education Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies	84.010	310C	313,976 313,976
Vocational Education - Basic Grants to States	84.048	348BA 348C	671 12,927
			13,598
D 151 "			
Rural Education	84.358	350B 350C	8,675 27,596
			36,271
Improving Teacher Quality - State Grants	84.367	401C	57,730
			57,730
School Improvement Grants	84.377	4604	116,888
			116,888
Passed Through Green River Regional Educational Cooperative			
ARRA - Race to the Top	84.416	436A 436B	15,655 20,813
		436C	6,705
			43,173
TOTAL U.S. DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION			844,516
TOTAL EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS			\$ 1,487,716

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this schedule.

#### NOTES TO SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS

Year Ended June 30, 2017

#### **NOTE A - BASIS OF PRESENTATION**

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards includes the federal grant activity of the Trimble County School District under programs of the federal government for the year ended June 30, 2017. The information in this schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance). Because the schedule presents only a selected portion of the operations of Trimble County School District, it is not intended to and does not present the financial position, changes in net position or cash flows of Trimble County School District.

#### NOTE B - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Expenditures reported on the schedule are reported on the accrual basis of accounting for proprietary funds and the modified accrual basis of accounting for governmental funds. Such expenditures are recognized following the cost principles contained in the Uniform Guidance, wherein certain types of expenditures are not allowable or are limited as to reimbursement. Negative amounts shown on the Schedule represent adjustments or credits made in the normal course of business to amounts reported as expenditures in prior years. Pass-through entity identifying numbers are presented where available.

#### NOTE C - FOOD DISTRIBUTION

Nonmonetary assistance is reported in the schedule at the fair value of the commodities received.

#### NOTE D - INDIRECT COST RATE

The District has elected to not use the 10 percent de minimum indirect cost rate allowed under the Uniform Guidance.

#### **NOTE E - SUBRECIPIENTS**

There were no subrecipients during the fiscal year.



#### TRIMBLE COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs For the Year Ended June 30, 2017

Section I-Summary of Auditor's Results					
Financial Statements					
Type of auditor's report i	ssued (unmodified):				
Internal control over fina	ncial reporting:				
Material weakness(e	es) identified?	X_	_yes	no	
<ul> <li>Significant deficiency(ies) identified that are not considered to be material weaknesses?</li> </ul>			_yes	Xno	ne reported
Noncompliance material to financial statements noted?			_yes	Xno	
Federal Awards					
Internal control over maj	or programs:				
<ul> <li>Material weakness(es) identified?</li> </ul>		X_	_yes	no	
<ul> <li>Significant deficiency(ies) identified that are not considered to be material weakness(es)?</li> </ul>			_yes	Xno	ne reported
Type of auditor's report i	ssued on compliance for	major program	ns (unmodi	fied):	
Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported in accordance with 2 CFR 200.516(a)?			_yes	Xno	
Identification of major pro	ograms:				
CFDA Number	Federal Program	or Cluster			
	DEPARTMENT OF A	GRICULTURE	5.8		
10.553/10.555	Child Nutrition	Cluster			
Dollar threshold used to distinguish Between type A and type B programs:			0,000		
Auditee qualified as low-risk auditee?			_yesX_	_no	

#### Section II - Financial Statement Findings

#### **MATERIAL WEAKNESSES**

#### **REFERENCE NUMBER 2017-001 ADJUSTMENTS**

Condition: As part of the audit we proposed material adjustments to the financial statements.

**Criteria:** The District's management is responsible for establishing and maintaining internal controls for the proper recording of all the District's accounting transactions.

Cause: The District did not identify items to be corrected.

Effect: The design of the internal controls identifying adjustments did not prevent material adjustments.

**Recommendation:** We recommend District management and financial personnel review the procedures and processes involved in recording journal entries and enhance its internal control policies to ensure proper recording of these items.

#### Views of Responsible Officials and Planned Corrective Actions:

The appropriate staff of the district will attend training sessions and the necessary corrections will be made to ensure these adjustments will not be required in the future.

#### **REFERENCE NUMBER 2017-002 RESTATEMENTS**

**Criteria:** The District's management is responsible for establishing and maintaining internal controls for the proper recording of all the District's accounting transactions.

**Condition:** As part of the audit we proposed material restatement adjustments to the financial statements for compensated absences.

Cause: The District did not identify items to be corrected.

Effect: The design of the internal controls identifying adjustments did not prevent material adjustments.

**Recommendation:** We recommend District management and financial personnel review the procedures and processes involved in recording journal entries and enhance its internal control policies to ensure proper recording of these items.

#### Views of Responsible Officials and Planned Corrective Actions:

The appropriate staff of the district will attend training sessions and the necessary corrections will be made to ensure these adjustments will not be required in the future.

#### Section III - Federal Award Findings and Questioned Costs

#### **REFERENCE NUMBER 2017-003**

Child Nutrition Cluster – CFDA No. 10.553 (School Breakfast Program) and 10.555 (National School Lunch Program) – Year Ended June 30, 2017 – U. S. Department of Agriculture, Passed Through State Department of Education

#### Material Weakness - Written Procedures

**Criteria:** Part 200 of Title 2 of the U.S. Code of Federal Regulations titled, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards, requires written procedures for payments, procurement, allowability of costs, compensation and travel costs when using federal funds.

**Condition**: The District's policies and procedures were in accordance with state requirements but did not include the required federal requirements.

**Questioned Costs: None** 

Context: This was noted during a review of procedures.

Effect: The District could have not followed the Uniform Administrative Guidance.

**Cause:** The District was had not updated its procedures for the requirements.

**Recommendation:** The District should adopt revised procedures.

#### **Views of Responsible Officials and Planned Corrective Actions:**

The district adopted the Federal Grant Procedures Manual at the August 2, 2017 Board meeting which has corrected these findings going forward.



#### TRIMBLE COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT

#### SUMMARY SCHEDULE OF PRIOR YEAR AUDIT FINDINGS

June 30, 2017

#### FINDING 2016-001 - SIGNIFICANT DEFICIENCY - CASH RECONCILIATION

Condition This finding was a significant deficiency stating that the District did not have sufficient procedures over the review of the cash balance and reconciliation.

Recommendation: The auditor recommended that the District complete the cash reconciliation monthly to balance with the actual cash amounts in Munis to ensure all cash activity is being properly recorded and accounted for.

*Current Status:* The District implemented the recommendation. No similar findings were noted in the June 30, 2017 audit.

#### FINDING 2016-002 - SIGNIFICANT DEFICIENCY - NEGATIVE FUND BALANCE

Condition This finding was a significant deficiency stating that the District did not have sufficient procedures over the review of fund balance in order to not have negative fund balances.

Recommendation: The auditor recommended that the District review financial statements periodically to ensure that there are no negative fund balances for any funds.

*Current Status:* The District implemented the recommendation. No similar findings were noted in the June 30, 2017 audit.

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S
REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL
OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND
ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS
BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH
GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS



CHRIS R. CARTER, CPA ANN M. FISHER, CPA SCOTT KISSELBAUGH, CPA PHILIP A. LOGSDON, CPA BRIAN S. WOOSLEY, CPA

### STILES, CARTER & ASSOCIATES CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

WWW.SCACPA.COM

AMERICAN INSTITUTE OF CPAS
KENTUCKY SOCIETY OF CPAS

# INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

State Committee for School District Audits Members of the Board of Education Trimble County School District Bedford, Kentucky

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States and the requirements prescribed by the Kentucky State Committee for School District Audits in the *Independent Auditor's Contract*, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of Trimble County School District as of and for the year ended June 30, 2017, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise Trimble County School District's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated October 30, 2017.

#### Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered Trimble County School District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies and therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified. We did identify a certain deficiency in internal control, described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs at items 2017-001 and 2017-002 that we consider to be material weaknesses.

#### **Compliance and Other Matters**

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether Trimble County School District's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*. In addition, the results of our tests disclosed no instances of material noncompliance of specific state statutes or regulations identified in the *Independent Auditor's Contract*.

We noted certain matters that we reported to management of Trimble County School District in a separate letter dated October 30, 2017.

#### **Trimble County School District's Response to Findings**

les, Center d'assocités

Trimble County School District's response to the findings identified in our audit is described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs. Trimble County School District's response was not subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on it.

#### **Purpose of this Report**

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Certified Public Accountants Elizabethtown, Kentucky

October 30, 2017

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT
ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR PROGRAM
AND INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE
REQUIRED BY THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE



CHRIS R. CARTER, CPA ANN M. FISHER, CPA SCOTT KISSELBAUGH, CPA PHILIP A. LOGSDON, CPA BRIAN S. WOOSLEY, CPA

AMERICAN INSTITUTE OF CPAS KENTUCKY SOCIETY OF CPAS

## INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR PROGRAM AND INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

WWW.SCACPA.COM

Kentucky State Committee for School District Audits Members of the Board of Education Trimble County School District Bedford Kentucky

#### Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

We have audited Trimble County School District's compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the *OMB Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of Trimble County School District's major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2017. Trimble County School District's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

#### Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with the federal statutes, regulations, and the terms and conditions of its federal awards applicable to its federal programs.

#### **Auditor's Responsibility**

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for each of Trimble County School District's major federal programs based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance). and the requirements prescribed by the Kentucky State Committee for School District Audits in Appendices I and II of the Independent Auditor's Contract. Those standards and the Uniform Guidance require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about Trimble County School District's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of Trimble County School District's compliance.

#### Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

In our opinion, Trimble County School District complied, in all material respects, with the compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2017.

#### **Report on Internal Control Over Compliance**

Management of Trimble County School District is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered Trimble County School District's internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on each major federal program in order to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing an opinion on compliance for each major program and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of Trimble County School District's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies and therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that have not been identified. We identified certain deficiencies in internal control over compliance, as described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs as item 2017-003 that we consider to be a material weakness.

Trimble County School District's response to the internal control over compliance findings identified in our audit is described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs. Trimble County School District's response was not subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on it.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Stlie, Cata & Cossociates
Certified Public Accountants
Elizabethtown, Kentucky

October 30, 2017





CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

WWW.SCACPA.COM

CHRIS R. CARTER, CPA ANN M. FISHER, CPA SCOTT KISSELBAUGH, CPA PHILIP A. LOGSDON, CPA BRIAN S. WOOSLEY, CPA

AMERICAN INSTITUTE OF CPAS KENTUCKY SOCIETY OF CPAS

Kentucky State Committee for School District Audits Members of the Board of Education of Trimble County School District Bedford, Kentucky

In planning and performing our audit of the basic financial statements of Trimble County School District for the year ended June 30, 2017, we considered the District's internal control in order to determine our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the financial statements and not to provide assurance on internal control.

However, during our audit we became aware of several matters that are opportunities for strengthening internal controls and operating efficiencies. The memorandum that accompanies this letter summarizes our comments and suggestions regarding those matters. Any uncorrected comments from the prior year have been included in the memorandum. A separate report dated October 30, 2017, contains our report on the District's internal control. This letter does not affect our report dated October 30, 2017, on the financial statements of the Trimble County School District.

We will review the status of these comments during our next audit engagement. We have already discussed many of these comments and suggestions with various District personnel, and their implementation is currently being reviewed. We will be pleased to discuss them in further detail at your convenience, to perform any additional study of these matters, or to assist you in implementing the recommendations.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of management, the members of the Trimble County Board of Education, others within the District, the Kentucky Department of Education, and federal awarding agencies and pass-through entities and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Stites, Carter & Associates
Certified Public Accountants
Elizabethtown, Kentucky

October 30, 2017

#### TRIMBLE COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT

COMMENTS

June 30, 2017

#### **UNCORRECTED PRIOR YEAR COMMENTS - NONE**

#### **CURRENT YEAR COMMENTS**

#### BEDFORD ELEMENTARY SCHOOL

#### **SEGREGATION OF DUTIES**

Per review of the Internal Control Questionnaire, completed by the school's bookkeeper, we noted that the bookkeeper performs the following duties: enters invoices, prints checks, matches invoice to checks, and mails checks. Redbook requires that one individual enter invoices and print checks and a different individual match the invoices to the checks and mail the checks.

#### MANAGEMENT RESPONSE

Per Redbook requirements, changes will be made with office staff to where one employee will enter invoices and print checks and a different employee will match the invoices to the checks and mail the checks.

#### EXTERNAL SUPPORT/BOOSTER CLUBS

We noted that the Bedford Elementary PTO did not have an Annual Financial Report, annual budget, list of officers, proof of liability insurance, or EIN for the 2016-2017 fiscal year on file. Redbook requires that the Annual Financial Report ending June 30 be submitted to the principal by July 15, the annual budget be submitted to the principal within the first thirty days of the school year or within thirty days of the first transaction of the group, and that a listing of officers, proof of liability insurance, and employers' identification number be on file for each year the club is active.

#### MANAGEMENT RESPONSE

For the FY-18 school year, the Bedford Elementary PTO will be required to provide a list of officers, proof of liability insurance and the organization's EIN. The organization will also be required to submit to the principal by July 15 of each year the Annual Financial Report ending June 30. The BES PTO will be required to submit an annual budget to the principal by the deadlines outlined in the Redbook.

#### **DEPOSIT SLIPS**

We noted that the receipt numbers were not included on the deposit slips for the 2016-2017 fiscal year.

#### **MANAGEMENT RESPONSE**

A Redbook training session was held on August 4, 2017 with the bookkeeper and principal in order to train them on the correct way to handle these issues.

#### MISSING DOCUMENTATION

We noted that the deposit made on 11/30/2016, in the amount of \$1,384.00 had the following documentation on file: one pre-numbered receipt stating that \$1,384 was received for field trip fees, one Multiple Receipt Form (F-SA-6) notating that \$515.00 was received for fees for the 4<sup>th</sup> grade field trip, one post-it note notating that \$518.00 was received for field trip fees, and one envelope notating that \$340.00 was received for field trip fees. There was not a Multiple Receipt Form on file for the remaining \$869.00, therefore we were unable to determine if the deposit was made timely, if copies of the checks were retained, or if the deposit was posted to the proper account.

We noted that the deposit made on 02/03/2017, in the amount of \$178.00 was for the receipt of Beta concession proceeds to the Beta Club Fund. However, the only documentation on file for this receipt was the pre-numbered receipt stating that \$178.00 was received from Kim Williams for Beta Concessions. Therefore, we were unable to determine if the funds were deposited timely or into the proper account. We also noted that there were no Inventory Control Worksheets on file for any of the concession stands that were held during the 16-17 fiscal year. Redbook requires that concession sales receipts be reported on a Sales Collection Form (F-SA-17) and Inventory Control Worksheets (F-SA-5) be completed on a monthly basis or until the ending inventory reaches zero.

We noted that the deposit made on 04/12/2017, in the amount of \$1,250.00 was for the receipt of four checks to the Beta Club Fund. The pre-numbered receipt stated that the receipts were for the Florida trip and Beta Club donations. However, there was not a Multiple Receipt Form (F-SA-6) or a Donation Acceptance Form (F-SA-18) on file to determine if the checks were deposited timely or posted to the proper account.

#### MANAGEMENT RESPONSE

A Redbook training session was held on August 4, 2017 with the bookkeeper and principal in order to train them on the correct way to handle these issues.

#### **FUNDRAISERS**

We noted that the book fair fundraiser receipts for the 2016-2017 had no documentation on file for the receipts except a pre-numbered receipt stating that monies were received for book fair sales. There was a Fundraiser Worksheet (F-SA-2B) on file for the fundraiser, but it was blank. Redbook requires that receipts from book fair fundraisers be reported on Sales Collection Forms (F-SA-17) when deposited and on a Fundraiser Worksheet which is to be filed within one week of the completion of the fundraising period or event.

We noted that the Fundraiser Approval Form (F-SA-2A) that was submitted on 03/13/2017 for the various Beta Club fundraisers that were held during the 2017 fiscal year was not dated by the school's principal. We also noted that there were receipts from these fundraisers deposited into the Beta Club Account prior to 03/13/2017. Redbook requires that fundraisers be approved before they are held.

#### MANAGEMENT RESPONSE

A Redbook training session was held on August 4, 2017 with the bookkeeper and principal in order to train them on the correct way to handle these issues.

#### **DISALLOWED EXPENDITURES**

We noted that check #7922, dated 10/04/2016, in the amount of \$1,578.92 and written to Triumph Learning, LLC from the Donation Fund was for the purchase of various textbooks. Redbook disallows the purchase of textbooks from student activity funds.

We noted that check #7935, dated 12/06/2016, in the amount of \$156.20 and written to Toshiba from the Donation Fund was for the payment of the monthly copier contract. Redbook disallows the expense of operational items from student activity funds.

We noted that check #7955, dated 03/17/2017, in the amount of \$529.03 and written to Duplicator Sales & Service from the Student Council Fund was for the payment of a Ricoh printer lease and various copy fees. Redbook disallows the expense of operational items from student activity funds.

#### MANAGEMENT RESPONSE

A Redbook training session was held on August 4, 2017 with the bookkeeper and principal in order to train them on the correct way to handle these issues. Bedford Elementary has already corrected the copier issues as all lease payments are now paid through SBDM funds.

#### MILTON ELEMENTARY SCHOOL

#### **SEGREGATION OF DUTIES**

We noted during review of the Internal Control Questionnaire that the bookkeeper enters invoices, prints checks, matches the invoices to the checks and mails the checks. Redbook requires the person that enters invoices and prints checks to be different than the person who matches the invoices to the checks and mails the checks.

#### MANAGEMENT RESPONSE

Per Redbook requirements, changes will be made with office staff to where one employee will enter the invoices and print checks and a different employee will match the invoices to the checks and mail the checks.

#### **FUNDRAISERS**

We noted that there were no applicable F-SA forms for any of the fundraisers actually held during fiscal year 2016-17. This was conveyed in the Internal Control Questionnaire and confirmed by SCA upon review of fundraisers. Redbook requires the Fundraiser Approval Form (F-SA-2A) to be properly completed before the fundraiser begins. Redbook also requires the Fundraiser Worksheet (F-SA-2B) to be properly completed for fundraisers where items are sold, whether they are purchased, donated or both.

#### **MANAGEMENT RESPONSE**

A Redbook training session was held on August 4, 2017 with the bookkeeper and principal in order to train them on the correct way to handle these issues.

#### **INVENTORY**

We noted during review of inventory that the school has a bookstore, but there were no applicable Inventory Control Worksheets (F-SA-5) completed. The Internal Control Questionnaire says that there were no sales during fiscal year 2016-17, but Redbook requires the Inventory Control Worksheet to be properly completed on a monthly basis until the end of the fiscal year, or until there is zero ending inventory.

#### MANAGEMENT RESPONSE

#### TRIMBLE COUNTY MIDDLE SCHOOL

#### SEGREGATION OF DUTIES

Per review of the Internal Control Questionnaire, completed by the school's bookkeeper, we noted that the bookkeeper performs the following duties: enters invoices, prints checks, matches invoice to checks, and mails checks. Redbook requires that one individual enter invoices and print checks and a different individual match the invoices to the checks and mail the checks.

Per review of the Internal Control Questionnaire, completed by the school's bookkeeper, we noted that the bookkeeper performs the following duties: opens the bank statement, clears checks in the accounting system, reconciles the bank account, and reviews the bank reconciliation. Redbook requires that one person open the bank statement, a second person clear the checks and reconcile the bank account, and a third person review the bank reconciliation.

#### MANAGEMENT RESPONSE

Per Redbook requirements, changes will be made to where one employee will enter invoices and print checks and a different employee will match invoices to the checks and mail the checks. The Principal will also begin to open the monthly bank statement and review the bank reconciliation in order to assist with the separation of duties with the bookkeeper. The SBDM council will also receive monthly reports to review.

#### **EXTERNAL SUPPORT/BOOSTER CLUBS**

We noted that the TCMS Boosters did not have an Annual Financial Report, annual budget, list of officers, proof of liability insurance, or EIN for the 2016-2017 fiscal year on file. Redbook requires that the Annual Financial Report ending June 30 be submitted to the principal by July 15, the annual budget be submitted to the principal within the first thirty days of the school year or within thirty days of the first transaction of the group, and that a listing of officers, proof of liability insurance, and employers' identification number be on file for each year the club is active.

#### MANAGEMENT RESPONSE

Beginning in FY-18 and moving forward, any booster organizations will be required to provide a list of officers, proof of liability insurance and the organization's EIN. The booster organizations will be required to provide to the principal by July 15 of each year, the Annual Financial Report ending June 30. Booster organizations will be required to submit an annual budget to the principal by the deadlines outlined in the Redbook

#### **CONCESSION SALES**

We noted that the deposit made on 12/09/2016, in the amount of \$696.05 was for the receipts from the boys' basketball game ticket sales of \$415.00 and sales receipts from concession sales from the boys' basketball game of \$281.05. However, there was not a Sales Collection Form (F-SA-17) on file for the deposit, or an Inventory Control Worksheet (F-SA5) on file for the concession sales for the month of December 2016. Redbook requires that, receipts from concession sales be reported on Sales Collection Forms, and Inventory Control Worksheets be completed on a monthly basis until either the end of the fiscal year or until ending inventory amounts to zero.

#### MANAGEMENT RESPONSE

#### TRIMBLE COUNTY HIGH SCHOOL

#### SEGREGATION OF DUTIES

Per review of the Internal Control Questionnaire, completed by the school's bookkeeper, we noted that the bookkeeper performs the following duties: enters invoices, prints checks, and mails checks. Redbook requires that one individual enter invoices and print checks and a different individual mail the checks.

Per review of the Internal Control Questionnaire, completed by the school's bookkeeper, we noted that the bookkeeper opens the bank statement, clears checks, and reconciles the bank account. Redbook requires that one individual open the bank statement, and a different individual clear the checks in the accounting system, and reconcile the bank account.

#### **MANAGEMENT RESPONSE**

Per Redbook requirements, changes will be made to where one employee will enter invoices and print checks and a different employee will match invoices to the checks and mail the checks. The Principal will also begin to open and review the monthly bank statement.

#### EXTERNAL SUPPORT/BOOSTER CLUBS

We noted that the TCHS Boosters did not have an Annual Financial Report, annual budget, list of officers, proof of liability insurance, or EIN for the 2016-2017 fiscal year on file. Redbook requires that the Annual Financial Report ending June 30 be submitted to the principal by July 15, the annual budget be submitted to the principal within the first thirty days of the school year or within thirty days of the first transaction of the group, and that a listing of officers, proof of liability insurance, and employers' identification number be on file for each year the club is active.

#### MANAGEMENT RESPONSE

Beginning in FY-18 and moving forward, any booster organizations will be required to provide a list of officers, proof of liability insurance and the organization's EIN. The booster organizations will be required to provide to the principal by July 15 of each year, the Annual Financial Report ending June 30. Booster organizations will be required to submit an annual budget to the principal by the deadlines outlined in the Redbook.

#### CONCESSIONS

We noted that concession sales fundraisers that were held during the 2016-2017 fiscal year did not a Fundraiser Approval Form (F-SA-2A) on file for the fundraiser, a Sales Collection Form (F-SA-17) on file for the deposits, or an Inventory Control Worksheet (F-SA5) on file for any of the events. Redbook requires that all fundraisers have Fundraiser Approval Forms on file for the year the fundraiser is held, receipts from concession sales be reported on Sales Collection Forms, and Inventory Control Worksheets be completed on a monthly basis until either the end of the fiscal year or until ending inventory amounts to zero.

#### MANAGEMENT RESPONSE

A Redbook training session was held on August 4, 2017 with the bookkeeper and principal in order to train them on the correct way to handle these issues.

#### **DISBURSEMENTS**

We noted that check #19133, dated 7/28/16 and made payable to Great American Business Products in the amount of \$264.29 was for faculty and student parking tags. This was paid out of the General Fund. Redbook disallows purchases from the General Fund that do not benefit the student population as a whole.

We noted that check #19180, dated 9/2/16 and made payable to Amazon in the amount of \$175.54 was for a valance, plants and other items for the office. This was paid out of the General Fund. Redbook disallows purchases from the General Fund that do not benefit the student population as a whole.

#### MANAGEMENT RESPONSE

#### **RECEIPTS**

We noted that the deposit made on 09/20/2016, in the amount of \$1,935.20 was for the receipt of the following: a \$150.00 check received for football team fees, a \$35 check received for yearbook fees with an accompanying Multiple Receipt Form (F-SA-6), a \$167.02 check received from the Kroger Rewards Fundraiser, a \$1,328.00 donation check received from Chandler Chevrolet, a \$250.00 donation check received from North American Stainless, and \$5.00 cash that was stated on the pre-numbered receipt as being a donation to the Casual Fund. However, there was not a Multiple Receipt Form (F-SA-6) on file for the football team fees that were collected, there was not a Fundraiser Approval Form (F-SA-2A) on file for the Kroger Rewards Fundraiser, a Multiple Receipt Form (F-SA-6) on file for the receipt of the Kroger Rewards Fundraiser proceeds, or Donation Acceptance Forms (F-SA-18) on file for the three donation checks that were received. Therefore, we were unable to determine if all the funds were deposited on a timely basis, if Kroger Rewards Fundraiser was approved, or if all of the deposits were posted to the proper account.

We noted that the deposit made on 11/03/2016, in the amount of \$3,372.00 was for the receipt of the following: a \$10.00 check received for student fees, a \$250.00 donation check from Bedford Bank that was posted to the Boys' Basketball Fund, a \$1,000.00 donation check received from LG&E that was posted to the Boys' Basketball Fund, \$10.00 cash that was stated on the pre-numbered receipt as being received for the Hometown Pizza Card Fundraiser and posted to the Boys' Basketball Fund, \$2,025.00 that was stated on the pre-numbered receipt as being a mixture of cash and checks that was received for shoes and travel shirts and posted to the Boys' Basketball Fund, and \$77.00 that was stated as being a cash receipt for History Club dues. However, there was no Multiple Receipt Forms (F-SA-6) or Donation Acceptance Forms (F-SA-18) on file for any of the receipts included in this deposit to determine if the funds were deposited timely or if they were posted to the correct account.

#### MANAGEMENT RESPONSE

A Redbook training session was held on August 4, 2017 with the bookkeeper and principal in order to train them on the correct way to handle these issues.

#### **DEPOSIT SLIPS**

We noted that the receipt numbers were not included on the deposit slips for the 2016-2017 fiscal year.

#### MANAGEMENT RESPONSE